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of Pakistan



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41]

NOTICE

The undermentioned *Gazettes of Pakistan, Extraordinary*, were published during the week ending the 13th October 1950:—

No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
1	No. F.57-11/50-Cons, dated the 3rd October 1950.	Constituent Assembly of Pakistan ..	Publication in the <i>Gazette of Pakistan</i> of C. A. (P.) Bill No. 10 of 1950 together with Statement of Objects and Reasons.
2	No. D. 5599-B/50, dated the 30th September 1950.	Ministry of States and Frontier Regions.	Promulgation of Order No. G. G. O. 3 of 1950 and declaring Quetta District, Nushki Tehsil, Bolan District and the Nasirabad Sub-Division as the territories under the jurisdiction of Governor General.
3	No. 335/640, dated the 8th October 1950.	Ministry of Commerce and Education (Commerce Division).	Declaring that loose raw jute shall not be purchased or sold below rates mentioned therein.
4	Dated the 9th October 1950 ..	Constituent Assembly of Pakistan ..	Publication for general information under the authority of the President of the Constituent Assembly an Act to Amend the 1947 and an Act (Provisional Constitution) Order, Government of India Act, 1935.

Note.—Copies of the *Gazettes of Pakistan, Extraordinary*, mentioned above, can be had from the Manager, Governor-General's Press and Publications, Pakistan, Karachi, within ten days of the date of issue of this Gazette.

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PART I—Section 1

Government of Pakistan Notifications relating to Rules, Regulations, Orders and Resolutions

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Revenue Division)

DANGEROUS DRUGS

Karachi, the 13th October 1950

No. 2.—The following draft of amendments to the Dangerous Drugs (Import, Export and Transhipment) Rules, 1933, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 7 of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930 (II of 1930), is published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 36 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and a notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 30th November 1950. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by Government:—

Draft Amendment

In the said Rules:

For the existing Rule 3, the following shall be substituted:—

“3. Air.—(i) No dangerous drug shall be imported into or exported from the Provinces and the Capital of the Federation by air save on behalf of or under the authority of the Central Government.

(ii) No dangerous drug in transit by air shall pass through the Provinces and the Capital of the Federation save in accordance with the following conditions:—

(a) that the country from which the drugs have been exported and the country to which the drugs are consigned are signatories of and have ratified the Geneva Convention;

(b) that the drugs are duly covered by the requisite Export Authorisation or the diversion certificate granted by the Government of the country of export, and an Import Authorisation granted by the country to which the drugs are consigned, which must be produced for inspection by the Customs authorities at the air port of call in the Provinces or the Capital of the Federation;

(c) that the entries of parcels containing the drugs have been properly manifested in the aircraft manifests and are shown to the aforesaid Customs authorities; and

(d) that the drugs are not taken out of the aircraft at the airport except when demanded for checking by the Customs authorities.

(iii) In case of non-compliance with the provisions of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930 (II of 1930), and/or the conditions specified above, the parcel containing the drugs as well as the aircraft carrying the drugs may be detained by the Customs authorities pending the orders of the Central Government.

STAMPS

Karachi, the 13th October 1950

No. 6.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 20 of the Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), and in supersession of the late Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues) Notification C. No. 125-Stamp[25], dated the 18th September 1925, the Central Government is pleased to prescribe, with effect from the 19th September 1949, the following rates of exchange for the conversion of the currencies specified below respectively into the currency of Pakistan for the purposes of calculating *ad valorem* duty on instruments chargeable therewith:—

Currency	Sum	Equivalent in currency of Pakistan		
		Rs.	as.	ps.
British	£ 1 Sterling	9	4	3
Indian	1 Rupee	0	11	2
Burmese	1 "	0	11	2
Ceylonese	1 "	0	11	2
United States of America	1 Dollar	3	4	11
Canadian	1 "	3	0	2
Hongkong	1 "	0	9	3
Strait Settlements	1 "	1	1	4
Australian	1 Pound	7	6	7
Turkish	1 Lira	1	2	11
Swiss	1 Franc	0	12	3
French	1 "	0	0	2
Swedish	1 Kroner	0	10	3
West German	1 Mark	0	12	6

S. A. HAQ, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE
STATE BANK OF PAKISTAN

An account pursuant to the State Bank of Pakistan Order, 1948, for the week ended the 8th day of September 1950
ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	4,75,05,000		I. A. Gold Coin and Bullion ..	4,20,71,000	
Notes in circulation ..	166,52,69,000		Silver Bullion ..	..	..
Total Notes issued ..	171,27,64,000		Sterling Securities ..	62,12,23,000	
			Government of India Securities	13,41,73,000	
			India notes representing assets receivable from the Reserve Bank of India	29,99,14,000	
			B. Rupee Coin ..	5,34,01,000	109,73,81,000
			Government of Pakistan Securities	51,94,99,000	
			Internal bills of exchange and other commercial paper	..	57,29,08,000
			II. Held with the Reserve Bank of India pending transfer to Pakistan—		
			Gold Coin and Bullion ..	19,02,000	
			Sterling Securities ..	3,08,12,000	
			Government of India Securities	70,10,000	
			Rupee Coin	29,51,000	4,24,75,000
Total Liabilities ..	171,27,64,000		Total Assets ..		171,27,64,000

Ratio of Gold Coin and Bullion, Silver Bullion, Sterling Securities and approved Foreign Exchange to total note circulation : 66.38 per cent.

Statement of Affairs of the State Bank of Pakistan, as on the 8th September 1950
BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Capital paid up	3,00,00,000	Notes	4,75,05,000
Reserve Fund	3,00,00,000	Rupee Coin—	
Deposits—		(a) Pakistan .. .. ..	..
(a) Central Government	55,01,31,000	(b) India .. .. ..	..
(b) Provincial Governments	5,30,15,000	Subsidiary Coin—	
(c) Banks	9,58,92,000	(a) Pakistan .. .. ..	..
(d) Others	9,73,41,000	(b) India	26,000
Bills Payable	1,03,55,000	Bills Purchased and Discounted—	
Other Liabilities	3,25,63,000	(a) Internal .. .. ..	..
		(b) External .. .. ..	..
		(c) Government Treasury Bills	10,15,54,000
Rupees. 89,02,97,000		Balances held outside Pakistan*	31,55,86,000
		Loans and Advances to Governments .. ..	..
		Other Loans and Advances	5,49,65,000
		Investments	34,07,67,000
		Other Assets	3,88,94,000
		Rupees. 89,02,97,000	

*Includes Cash, Short Term Sterling Securities and Balances with the Reserve Bank of India.

Dated the 13th day of September 1950.

ZAHID HUSAIN,
Governor

ABDUL QADIR,
Secretary, Ministry of Finance.

An account pursuant to the State Bank of Pakistan Order, 1948, for the week ended the 15th day of September 1950
ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department ..	6,35,16,000		I. A.—Gold Coin and Bullion	4,20,71,000	
Notes in circulation ..	164,86,78,000		Silver Bullion ..		
Total notes issued ..	171,21,94,000		Sterling Securities ..	62,12,23,000	
			Government of India Securities ..	13,41,73,000	
			India notes representing assets receivable from the Reserve Bank of India ..	29,99,14,000	
			B.—Rupee Coin ..	5,28,39,000	1,09,73,81,000
			Government of Pakistan Securities ..	51,94,99,000	
			Internal bills of exchange and other commercial paper ..		57,23,38,000
			II.—Hold with the Reserve Bank of India pending transfer to Pakistan :—		
			Gold Coin and Bullion ..	19,02,000	
			Sterling Securities ..	3,06,12,000	
			Government of India Securities ..	70,10,000	
			Rupee Coin ..	29,51,000	4,24,75,000
Total Liabilities ..	..	171,21,94,000	Total Assets ..	..	1,71,21,94,000

Ratio of Gold Coin and Bullion, Silver Bullion, Sterling Securities and approved Foreign Exchange to total note circulation: 66.40 per cent.

Statement of Affairs of the State Bank of Pakistan as on the 15th September 1950

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Capital paid up	3,00,00,000	Notes	6,35,16,000
Reserve Fund	3,00,00,000	Rupee Coin—	
Deposits—		(a) Pakistan .. .. .. ..	..
(a) Central Government	57,63,59,000	(b) India .. .. .. ..	..
(b) Provincial Governments	5,00,42,000	Subsidiary Coin—	
(c) Banks	11,16,02,000	(a) Pakistan .. .. .. ..	..
(d) Others	9,71,41,000	(b) India	27,000
Bills Payable	1,11,41,000	Bills Purchased and Discounted—	
Other Liabilities	1,78,92,000	(a) Internal .. .. .. ..	..
		(b) External .. .. .. ..	..
		(c) Government Treasury Bills	10,15,54,000
Rupees	92,41,77,000	Balances held outside Pakistan*	31,01,95,000
		Loans and Advances to Governments .. ..	..
		Other Loans and Advances	6,81,93,000
		Investments	34,07,67,000
		Other Assets	3,99,25,000
		Rupees	92,41,77,000

*Includes Cash, Short Term Sterling Securities and Balances with the Reserve Bank of India.

Dated the 20th day of September 1950.

ZAHID HUSAIN,
Governor:

ABDUL QADIR,
Secretary, Ministry of Finance.

An account pursuant to the State Bank of Pakistan Order, 1948, for the week ended the 22nd day of September 1950

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	..	4,14,55,000	I. A.—Gold Coin and Bullion	4,20,71,000	
Notes in circulation	..	164,05,45,000	Silver Bullion ..	59,12,23,000	
Total notes issued	..	168,20,00,000	Sterling Securities ..	13,41,73,000	
			Government of India Securities ..	29,00,14,000	106,73,81,000
			India notes representing assets receivable from the Reserve Bank of India ..	5,26,45,000	
			B.—Rupee Coin ..	51,94,99,000	
			Government of Pakistan Securities ..	..	57,21,44,000
			Internal bills of exchange and other commercial paper ..		
			II.—Held with the Reserve Bank of India pending transfer to Pakistan—		
			Gold Coin and Bullion ..	19,02,000	
			Sterling Securities ..	3,08,12,000	
			Government of India Securities ..	70,10,000	
			Rupee Coin ..	20,51,000	4,24,75,000
Total Liabilities	Total Assets ..	..	108,20,00,000

Ratio of Gold Coin and Bullion, Silver Bullion, Sterling Securities and approved Foreign Exchange to total note circulation : 63.81 per cent.

Statement of Affairs of the State Bank of Pakistan as on the 22nd September 1950

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Capital paid up	..	Notes ..	..
Reserve Fund	..	Rupee Coin :—	4,14,55,000
Deposits :—		(a) Pakistan ..	
(a) Central Government	..	(b) India ..	..
(b) Provincial Governments	..	Subsidiary Coin :—	
(c) Banks	..	(a) Pakistan ..	
(d) Others	..	(b) India ..	28,000
Bills Payable	..	Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
Other Liabilities	..	(a) Internal ..	
		(b) External ..	
		(c) Government Treasury Bills ..	10,15,54,000
Rupees	92,13,49,000	Balances held outside Pakistan ..	39,50,34,000
		Loans and Advances to Governments ..	
		Other Loans and Advances ..	5,37,00,000
		Investments ..	35,19,10,000
		Other Assets ..	3,75,69,000
		Rupees ..	92,13,49,000

* Includes Cash, Short Term Sterling Securities and Balances with the Reserve Bank of India.

Dated the 27th day of September 1950.

ZAHID HUSAIN,

Governor.

ABDUL QADIR,
Secretary, Ministry of Finance.

An account pursuant to the State Bank of Pakistan Order, 1948, for the week ended the 29th day of September 1950

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	..	4,00,47,000	L A.—Gold Coin and Bullion	4,20,71,000	
Notes in circulation	..	164,20,06,000	Silver Bullion		
Total notes issued	..	168,20,53,000	Sterling Securities	50,12,23,000	
			Government of India Securities	13,41,73,000	
			India notes representing assets receivable from the Reserve Bank of India	20,99,14,000	
			B.—Rupee Coin	5,20,98,000	106,73,81,000
			Government of Pakistan Securities	51,04,09,000	
			Internal bills of exchange and other commercial paper	..	
			II.—Held with the Reserve Bank of India pending transfer to Pakistan	57,21,07,000	
			Gold Coin and Bullion	19,02,000	
			Sterling Securities	3,06,12,000	
			Government of India Securities	70,10,000	
			Rupee Coin	29,51,000	4,24,75,000
			Total Assets	..	168,20,53,000
Total Liabilities	..	168,20,53,000			

Ratio of Gold Coin and Bullion, Silver Bullion, Sterling Securities and approved Foreign Exchange to total notes circulation: 65.81 per cent.

Statement of Affairs of the State Bank of Pakistan as on the 29th September 1950

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Capital paid up	..	Notes	
Reserve Fund	..	Rupee Coin :—	4,00,47,000
Deposits :—	..	(a) Pakistan	
(a) Central Government	..	(b) India	..
(b) Provincial Governments	..	Subsidiary Coin :—	..
(c) Banks	..	(a) Pakistan	..
(d) Others	..	(b) India	..
Bills Payable	..	Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	30,000
Other Liabilities	..	(a) Internal	..
	..	(b) External	..
	..	(c) Government Treasury Bills	..
	..	Balances held outside Pakistan	10,15,54,000
	..	Loans and Advances to Governments	33,08,90,000
	..	Other Loans and Advances	5,00,000
	..	Investments	5,61,77,000
	..	Other Assets	35,64,50,000
Rupees	..	Rupees	8,60,78,000
	92,07,35,000		92,07,35,000

*Includes Cash, Short Term Sterling Securities and Balances with the Reserve Bank of India.

Dated the 4th day of October 1950.

ZAHID HUSAIN,
Governor.

ABDUL QADIR,
Secretary, Ministry of Finance.

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE
(Agriculture Division)

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. F. 3-10149-C.S.—With reference to section 5 of the Pakistan (Establishment of the Federal Capital) Order, 1948, and in partial modification of Government of Pakistan notification No. 1/2A/48/Kar., dated the 23rd July 1948, the Central Government is pleased to withdraw from the Administrator of Karachi, the powers and duties conferred or imposed upon him in relation to the Bombay Co-operative Societies Act, 1945, by virtue of the said notification, and itself to assume all the powers and duties of the Provincial Government under the said Act.

M. H. SUFI, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND WORKS
(Health Division)

Karachi, the 10th October 1950

No. F. 7-349-M.—In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (a) of sub-section (2) of section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor-General is pleased to make the following rules in supersession of the Secretary of State's Services (Medical Attendance) Rules, 1938, published with the late Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands Notification No. F. 116-23/38-H., dated the 2nd February 1939:—

1. (1) These Rules may be called the Special Medical Attendance Rules, 1950.

(2) They shall apply to any person, other than a person recruited for service on the Railways, when on duty or on leave in Pakistan—

(i) appointed to any of the civil services, appointments to which were made before 15th August 1947 by the Secretary of State-in-Council or the Secretary of State; or

(ii) who not being a person appointed as aforesaid holds a civil post in Pakistan to which he was appointed before the 15th August 1947, and was when he was first appointed to such post;

(a) an officer holding a permanent commission in His Majesty's Land Forces other than a Department Officer of the Indian Unattached List or the Indian Medical Department; or

(b) an officer holding a permanent commission in His Majesty's Indian Land Forces, other than a Viceroy's Commissioned Officer; or

(c) an officer of the Royal Indian Navy other than an officer of the Royal Indian Naval Reserve, the Royal Indian Naval Volunteer Reserve or a Commissioned Warrant Officer; or

(3) to whom these Rules are made applicable her by general or specific orders. In these Rules, unless there is anything repugnant the subject or context—

(a) "authorised medical attendant" means the principal medical officer appointed by the Government to attend its officers in the district in which the Government servant falls ill, and includes a military medical officer or other physician or surgeon with whom arrangements have been made by the Government to attend its officers in the area in which the Government servant falls ill;

(b) "family" means the wife, legitimate children and step-children of a Government servant, residing with and wholly dependent upon him;

(c) "the Government" means the Governor-General in the case of Government servants employed in connection with the affairs of the Federation and the Governor of the Province in the case of Government servants employed in connection with the affairs of a Province;

(d) "Government hospital" includes a Military Hospital, a hospital maintained by a local authority and any other hospital with which arrangements have been made by the Government for the treatment of its officers, but does not include a railway hospital;

(e) "medical attendance" means attendance in hospital or at the residence of a Government servant, and includes—

(i) such pathological, bacteriological, radiological or other methods of examination for the purposes of diagnosis as are available in any Government hospital or laboratory in the Province and are considered necessary by the authorised medical attendant; and

(ii) such consultation with a specialist or other medical officer in the service of the Government as the authorized medical attendant certifies to be necessary, to such extent and in such manner as the specialist or medical officer may, in consultation with the authorized medical attendant, determine;

(f) "nurse" means a qualified nurse holding a certificate or diploma recognized by the Chief Administrative Medical Officer of the Province or a registered nurse in a Province in which there is statutory provision for the registration of nurses;

(g) "patient" means a Government servant, to whom these Rules apply or a member of his family, who has fallen ill;

(h) "Province" means the Province in which a patient falls ill; and

(i) "treatment" means the use of all medical and surgical facilities available at the Government hospital in which a Government servant is treated, and includes—

(i) the employment of such pathological, bacteriological, radiological or other methods as are considered necessary by the authorised medical attendant;

(ii) the supply of such medicines, vaccines, sera or other therapeutic substances as are ordinarily available in Government hospitals in the Province;

(iii) the supply of such medicines, vaccines, sera or other therapeutic substances not ordinarily so available as the authorized medical attendant may certify in writing to be essential for the recovery, or for the prevention of serious deterioration in the condition, of the Government servant;

(iv) such accommodation as is ordinarily provided in the hospital to which the Government servant is admitted and is suited to his status;

(v) the services of such nurses as are ordinarily employed by the hospital to which the Government servant is admitted;

(vi) such special nursing as the authorized medical attendant may certify in writing to be essential for the recovery, or for the

prevention of serious deterioration in the condition, of the Government servant ; and

(vii) the medical attendance described in sub-clause (ii) of clause (e) ; but does not include diet, or provision at the request of the Government servant of accommodation superior to that described in sub-clause (iv).

3. A Government servant shall be entitled, free of charge, to medical attendance by the authorized medical attendant.

4. (1) When the place at which a patient falls ill is not the headquarters of the authorised medical attendant—

(a) the patient shall be entitled to travelling allowance for the journey to and from such headquarters ; or

(b) if the patient is too ill to travel, the authorised medical attendant shall be entitled to travelling allowance for the journey to and from the place where the patient is.

(2) Applications for travelling allowance under sub-rule (1) shall be accompanied by a certificate in writing by the authorised medical attendant stating that medical attendance was necessary and, if the application is under clause (b) of that sub-rule, that the patient was too ill to travel.

5. (1) If the authorised medical attendant is of opinion that the case of a patient is of such a serious or special nature as to require medical attendance by some person other than himself, or that the patient requires anti-rabic treatment, he may, with the approval of the Chief Administrative Medical Officer of the Province (which shall be obtained beforehand unless the delay involved entails danger to the health of the patient)—

(a) send the patient to the nearest specialist or other medical officer in the Province by whom, in his opinion, medical attendance is required for the patient, or in the case of anti-rabic treatment, to the nearest station in the Province where such treatment is available ; or

(b) if the patient is too ill to travel, summon such specialist or other medical officer to attend upon the patient.

(2) A patient sent under clause (a) of sub-rule (1), shall on production of a certificate in writing by the authorised medical attendant in this behalf, be entitled to travelling allowance for the journey to and from the headquarters of the specialist or other medical officer, or as the case may be, the place of anti-rabic treatment.

(3) A specialist or other medical officer summoned under clause (b) of sub-rule (1) shall, on production of a certificate in writing by the authorised medical attendant in this behalf, be entitled to travelling allowance for the journey to and from the place where the patient is.

6. (1) A Government servant shall be entitled, free of charge, to treatment—

(a) in such Government hospital in the district in which he falls ill, as can, in the opinion of the authorised medical attendant, provide the necessary and suitable treatment ; or

(b) if there is no such hospital as is referred to in clause (a), in such hospital, other than a Government hospital, in that district as can, in the opinion of the authorised medical attendant provide the necessary and suitable treatment ; or

(c) if there is no such hospital as is referred to in clauses (a) and (b), in such hospital in the

Province as can, in the opinion of the authorised medical attendant, provide the necessary and suitable treatment.

(2) Where a Government servant is entitled, under sub-rule (1), free of charge, to treatment in a hospital, any amount paid by him on account of such treatment shall, on production of a certificate in writing by the authorised medical attendant in this behalf, be reimbursed to him.

7. (1) If the authorised medical attendant is of opinion that owing to the absence or remoteness of a suitable hospital or to the severity of the illness, a Government servant cannot be given treatment as provided in sub-rule (1) of Rule 6, the Government servant may receive treatment at his residence.

(2) A Government servant receiving treatment at his residence under sub-rule (1) shall be entitled to receive towards the cost of such treatment incurred by him a sum equivalent to the cost of such treatment as he would have been entitled, free of charge, to receive under these Rules if he had not been treated at his residence.

(3) Claims for sums admissible under sub-rule (2) shall be accompanied by a certificate in writing by the authorised medical attendant, stating—

(a) his reasons for the opinion referred to in sub-rule (1) ;

(b) the amount of the cost of similar treatment referred to in sub-rule (2).

8. (1) Charges for services rendered in connection with, but not included in, medical attendance on, or treatment of, a patient entitled, free of charge, to medical attendance or treatment under these Rules shall be determined by the authorised medical attendant and paid by the patient.

(2) If any question arises as to whether any service is included in medical attendance or treatment, it shall be referred to the Government, and the decision of the Government shall be final.

9. Nothing in these Rules shall be deemed to entitle a patient—

(a) to travelling allowance for a journey—

(i) for attendance by a dentist or oculist ; or
(ii) outside the Province ; or

(b) to reimbursement of costs incurred in respect of medical services obtained by him, or to travelling allowance for any journey performed by him, otherwise than as expressly provided in these Rules.

10. The Government may, by general or special order, direct that any certificate required by these Rules to be given by the authorised medical attendant, and the controlling officer, for travelling allowance purposes, of a patient may, by special order, direct that any certificate so required for such purpose shall be countersigned by the Chief Administrative Medical Officer of the Province.

11. No Government servant shall be transferred to foreign service unless the foreign employer undertakes to afford to him, so far as may be, privileges not inferior to those which he would have enjoyed under these rules if he had been employed in the service of Pakistan.

12. Nothing in these rules shall be construed as preventing the Government from granting to any person to whom they apply any concession relating to medical treatment or attendance which is not authorised by the rules.

V/ Karachi, the 22nd September 1950

No. F. 21-1349-MS & G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1950 (XXXIX of 1950), the Central Government is pleased to cancel the late Government of India, Department of Health Notification No. F. 7-1646-D., dated the 4th June 1947.

S. S. HAIDER, Deputy Secretary.

MINISTRY OF LAW AND LABOUR
(Labour Division)

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

No. LR. 7 (7) 50-II.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Mines Act, 1923 (IV of 1923), the Central Government is pleased to make the following regulations, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of section 31 of the said Act :

REGULATIONS

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY

1. *Short title and application.*—(1) These regulations may be called the Oil-Fields Regulations, 1950.

(2) They shall apply to every oil-well and boring for oil.

2. *Definitions.*—In these regulations, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or contexts—

- (a) “the Act” means the Mines Act, 1923 (IV of 1923) ;
- (b) “Chief Inspector” means the Chief Inspector of Mines or any other officer who may be entrusted with the functions of Chief Inspector of Mines ;
- (c) “District Magistrate”, in relation to any oil-well or boring, means the District Magistrate of the district in which the oil-well or boring is situated ;
- (d) “Form” means a form as set out in the Schedule annexed to these regulations ;
- (e) A flowing well is said to be “out of control” when it is discharging gas or oil into the air without the gas or oil passing through a pipe to a well-head tank or gas line ;
- (f) A flowing well is said to be “brought out of control intentionally” when it is opened to clean, deepen, or repair it, and to be “brought out of control unintentionally” when it is out of control under any other circumstances ;
- (g) “well-head tank” means a tank into which crude oil flowing, or being pumped from a well is first discharged.

CHAPTER II

RETURNS, NOTICES AND RECORDS

3. *Annual returns.*—(1) On or before the twenty-first day of January in each year the owner, agent or manager of every oil-well shall forward to the District Magistrate, and to the Chief Inspector, annual returns in respect of the preceding year in Forms I, II, III, IV, V and VI ;

Provided that the Chief Inspector may by order in writing permit the owner, agent or manager of two or more oil-wells closely situated to submit a joint return.

(2) If any oil-well is abandoned or the working of any oil-well has been discontinued over a period exceeding three months or if a change occurs in the ownership of any oil-well, the returns required by

sub-regulation (1) shall be submitted within one month from the date of abandonment or change of ownership or within four months from the date of discontinuance, as the case may be :

Provided that the Chief Inspector may by order in writing extend the period for the submission of such returns up to any date not later than the twenty-first day of January in the year following that to which they relate.

Provided further that nothing in this sub-regulation shall be deemed to authorise the submission of any return later than the twenty-first day of January in the year following that to which it relates.

4. *Notice under section 14 of the Act.*—The notice required by section 14 of the Act shall be furnished in duplicate and shall specify the name and situation of the oil-well, the names and addresses of the owner and the manager, and, in the case of a new oil-well, the date on which it was opened. The District Magistrate shall, on receipt of the notice, forward one copy thereof to the Chief Inspector.

5. *Notice of abandonment or discontinuance.*—When an oil-well has been abandoned or the working thereof has been discontinued for a period exceeding two months, the owner of the oil-well shall, within seven days after the abandonment or within seven days after expiry of the said period, as the case may be, send to the Chief Inspector notice in writing specifying the name and situation of the oil-well, the name and address of the owner, and the date and cause of the abandonment or discontinuance :

Provided that the Chief Inspector may by order in writing permit the owner, agent or manager of two or more oil-wells closely situated to send a joint notice.

6. *Notice of re-opening.*—When an oil-well is re-opened after abandonment or discontinuance, the owner, agent or manager shall, within seven days after the date of the re-opening send to the District Magistrate notice in writing in duplicate, specifying the name and situation of the oil-well, the names and addresses of the owner and the manager, and the date of the re-opening. The District Magistrate shall, on receipt of the notice, forward one copy thereof to the Chief Inspector :

Provided that the Chief Inspector may by order in writing permit the owner, agent or manager of two or more oil-wells closely situated to send a joint notice.

7. *Notice of change of name or ownership.*—When a change occurs in the name of, or in the ownership of, an oil-well, notice in writing of the change and of the date thereof shall be sent by the owner, agent, or manager to the Chief Inspector within seven days from the date of the change.

8. *Notice of appointments.*—When any new appointment is made of an agent or manager of an oil-well, or any change of address of any agent or manager occurs, notice of the appointment or change and of the date thereof shall be sent by the owner, agent or manager to the Chief Inspector within seven days from the date of the appointment or change.

9. *Transfer of ownership.*—When the ownership of an oil-well is transferred, the previous owner or his agent or manager shall make over to the new owner all books and other records required to be kept under the Act, and all correspondence relevant to the working of the oil-well with the Inspectorate of Mines and other Government Departments.

10. *Accidents.*—When any accident occurs in or about an oil-well causing loss of life, or serious bodily injury, or when an accidental explosion, outbreak of fire or other dangerous occurrence occurs in or about an oil-well, the owner, agent or manager of the oil-well, shall forthwith inform the Inspector by telephone or telegraph and shall also report the occurrence to the Inspector in writing.

thereof in Form VI to the District Magistrate or to the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of the place where accident has occurred and also to the Chief Inspector.

11. *Notice of death resulting from accident.*—If death results from any injury already reported as serious under regulation 10, the owner, agent or manager of the oil-well, shall within twenty-four hours of his being informed of the death, send notice thereof to the District Magistrate or to the Sub-Divisional Magistrate where death has occurred and also to the Chief Inspector.

CHAPTER III MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISION

12. *Appointment of Manager.*—The owner or agent of every oil-well shall appoint a competent person of not less than 25 years of age to be manager of the oil-well.

13. *Appointment of person as manager of more oil-wells than one.*—One person may be appointed to be manager of more oil-wells than one, provided that the distance between them is not so great as to preclude the proper and thorough performance by such manager of his duties in respect of each such oil-well. The decision of the Chief Inspector shall be final on any question arising out of this regulation.

14. *Personal supervision by manager.*—Personal supervision shall be exercised by the manager but where by reason of absence or for any other reason, he is unable to perform the duties required of him by the Act, regulations, rules and bye-laws, the owner, agent or manager, shall authorise in writing a person whom he considers competent to act as manager of the oil-well.

15. *Appointment of persons subordinate to manager.*—(1) The manager of every oil-well shall appoint in writing a sufficient number of competent persons to secure a thorough supervision of all the operations connected with the oil-well and compliance with the requirements of the Act and these regulations, and of the rules and bye-laws made thereunder.

(2) *The manager shall—*

- (a) assign to every person appointed under sub-regulation (1) his particular duties;
- (b) make over to every such person on his appointment, a copy of the regulations, rules and bye-laws which affect him, and
- (c) take all possible steps to ensure that, every such person understands, carries out and enforces the provisions therein contained.

(3) Copies of all appointments made under sub-regulation (1) shall be entered in a bound paged book kept in the office at the oil-well.

(4) Every manager shall on appointment satisfy himself that all persons already appointed under sub-regulation (1) are competent to perform the duties assigned to them.

16. *Examination of machinery, apparatus or fittings.*—A competent person or persons appointed under regulation 15 for the purpose, shall examine at least once in every 12 hours all machinery, apparatus and fittings at a drilling well before, and during such period as it is, drilling, or at a producing well which is operating at a surface pressure exceeding 200 lbs. per sq. inch, and ascertain if such are in safe working order. The results of every such examination shall be recorded in a book kept at the office of the oil-well for this purpose.

CHAPTER IV PRECAUTIONS AGAINST FIRES, ETC.

17. *Fittings.*—In the drilling of a well in unknown strata or in strata in which gas or fluids are known to be subject to high pressure, such fittings shall be

provided and used as will ensure the control of fluids or gas under pressure.

18. *Derrick.*—When over-head work is being carried out on the derrick of a well which is, or is likely to be, out of control, guy wires and slides or other adequate means of escaping in emergency shall be provided for over-head workmen and kept ready for use.

19. *Well out of control.*—Before a well is brought out of control intentionally, or immediately after it has become out of control un-intentionally, the person in charge of the well shall give notice to every person in charge of a boiler fire, tractor, or other fire, furnace or other source of heat or light capable of igniting inflammable vapour or internal combustion engine situated within 100 yards of the well and every such fire or furnace or other source of heat or light capable of igniting inflammable vapour shall be extinguished and the use of every such tractor or other internal combustion engine shall be discontinued until the well has been brought under control.

20. *Tractors.*—No person in charge of a tractor shall so place it that either its engine or its exhaust pipe is within 15 feet of the well-head of any well at which the tractor is in use or is intended to be used for the purpose of pulling rods, tubing or for any other purpose.

21. *Tractors to be fitted with anti-fire safety devices.*—Every tractor used within a radius of 100 yards of any point at which operations for, or subsidiary to the winning of oil or gas, are carried on, shall be fitted with such anti-fire safety devices as the Chief Inspector may by special or general order specify.

22. *Internal combustion engines.*—No person shall use or instal within a distance of 100 yards of any point at which operations for, or subsidiary to, the winning of oil or gas are carried on, any internal combustion engine in which external application of heat is necessary to ignite the charge inside the cylinder unless the engine is fitted with an adequate safe ignition device and also with such anti-fire safety devices as the Chief Inspector may by special or general order specify.

23. *Bull-wheel.*—The owner, agent or manager shall cause arrangements to be made for a constant drip of water to fall on the band brake of every "Bull-wheel" while such "Bull-wheel" is in use. No person shall work any "Bull-wheel" unless such arrangements are in good order.

24. *Power of Chief Inspector to lay down additional precautions against fire.*—In addition to the precautions prescribed in these regulations, the Chief Inspector may by general or special order lay down such other precautions as may in his opinion be necessary for the prevention of fire in any area in which operations for, or subsidiary to, the winning of oil or gas are carried on, or in any part thereof, and all such precautions shall be duly observed.

25. *Fire signals.*—In any area in which operations for, or subsidiary to, the winning of oil or gas are carried on, there shall be recognised signals approved by the Chief Inspector for giving an alarm of fire and for notifying that danger has ceased.

26. *Action to be taken on occurrence of fire.*—As soon as fire is observed or the fire alarm given in any area in which operations for, or subsidiary to, the winning of oil or gas are carried on—

- (a) every person employed in connection with such operations shall be bound to render every assistance in his power in taking anti-fire measures; and
- (b) within the area likely to be affected by the fire—
 - (i) every person in charge of a flowing well shall shut the gate valve of such well;

- (ii) every person in charge of a pumping well shall be responsible that pumping is stopped ; and
- (iii) every person in charge of a drilled well of any description shall be responsible that the contents of well-head tanks are, as far as possible, transferred to tanks outside such area.

27. *Connections on water and steam pipes.*—For the purposes of dealing with fire, connection shall be provided at suitable points on water or steam pipes. As soon as any indication of an outbreak of fire is observed or the fire alarm is given, an adequate pressure of water and steam shall be maintained in all pipes fitted with connections and from which water or steam can be supplied to the area threatened by fire, until the fire is extinguished or the danger of an outbreak of fire is past.

CHAPTER V

MISCELLANEOUS

28. *Safety belt and rope.*—(1) The manager of an oil-well which is being drilled by the rotary method, shall provide every person employed on any platform in the derrick above the derrick floor with a safety belt and rope and every person so employed shall use such safety belt and rope.

(2) The safety belt referred to in sub-regulation (1) shall be of a pattern approved by the Chief Inspector, and the manager shall be responsible that safety belts and ropes for attachment to them are kept in good condition at all times.

29. *Pipes.*—All pipes for the conveyance of oil above the surface in the oil-field shall be inspected daily and constantly maintained in an oil-tight condition.

30. *Fencing of dangerous places.*—Any place in or about an excavation which is dangerous shall be kept properly fenced.

31. *Fencing of machinery and guards.*—(1) Every fly-wheel and all exposed and dangerous parts of machinery used in or about an oil-well, shall be kept securely fenced.

(2) Guards shall be provided—

- (a) for dangerous parts of any machinery ;
- (b) for all drive sprokets and chains, the guards being sufficiently strong to withstand the shock of breaking chains ; and
- (c) under the lower portion of the main drive chain, the guards being sufficiently close to reduce flapping.
- (3) The guards referred to in sub-regulation (2) shall be maintained in position except when it is necessary to remove them for the purpose of oiling, cleaning or repairing any chain.

(4) All electrical conductors which may be a source of danger, shall be efficiently guarded.

32. *Fencing of tank or reservoir.*—Where it is necessary to prevent danger to any person, every well-head tank and mud or water reservoir or tank shall be securely fenced.

33. *Orders of manager to be complied with.*—Every person shall strictly comply with all lawful orders issued by the manager or such other official as may be empowered by the manager to issue the same.

34. *Acts or omissions endangering life.*—No person shall negligently or wilfully do anything likely to endanger life or limb at the oil-well or negligently or wilfully omit to do anything necessary for the safety of the oil-well or the persons employed thereat.

35. *Articles provided for or used in the working of oil-well.*—No person shall damage, destroy or improperly interfere with anything provided for or used in the working of the oil well.

36. *Fences and danger-signals.*—No person shall remove or pass through any fence, or remove or pass any danger-signal unless so specially authorised by the manager or an official empowered by the manager in that behalf.

37. *Person in state of intoxication.*—No person in a state of intoxication shall be employed in an oil-field and no such person shall be allowed access to the precincts of any place where operations for, or subsidiary to be winding of oil are being carried on.

The Schedule

FORM I

[See Regulation 3(1)]

Annual return for the year ending on the 31st Dec. 19

1. Name or number of oil-well.
2. Postal address of oil-well.
3. Date of opening.
4. Date of closing (if closed).
5. Situation of oil-well

District.	}
Province.	
6. {

Name of owner.	}
Postal address of owner.	
7. {

Name of Managing Agent (if any).	}
Postal address of Managing Agent (if any).	
8. {

Name of Agent (if any), as defined in Section 3(a) of the Indian Mines Act.	}
Postal address of Agent.	
9. {

Name of Manager.	}
Postal address of Manager.	

Form II

[See Regulation 3(1)]

Person employed during the year ending on 31st December, 1950, and wages paid for work done in December 1950

Classification	Aggregate number of daily attendances during the year of persons permanently and temporarily employed	Number of days worked during the year	Daily average number of persons employed as calculated by dividing the aggregate number of attendances by the number of days worked during the year	Average hours worked per week during the year	Aggregate number of daily attendances in December	Total amount paid in wages for work done in December	Average daily earnings in December calculated by dividing the amount in column 7 by the number of attendances in column 6
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I. Males— Clerical and Supervising staff (excluding the superior supervising staff). Skilled labour Unskilled labour							
Total (males)							
II. Females							

Note.—Where workmen are paid through contractors, the sums entered in column 7 should be the sums paid by the contractors to the workmen so far as these can be ascertained.

FORM III

[See Regulation 3(1)]

Accidents and Prosecutions

Number of separate accidents* reported during the year				Number of persons	Number of prosecutions instituted by the management, with the sections and rules under which the prosecutions were instituted	Number of persons convicted with the sections and rules under which the convictions were obtained
Fatal	Serious	Total	Killed	Seriously injured	6	7
1	2	3	4	5		

*Accidents, which were reported as serious accidents, but resulted fatally, should be entered as fatal accidents.

FORM IV

[See Regulation 3(1)]

Epidemic Diseases

Name of disease*	Date of appearance	Date of disappearance	Number of cases	Number of deaths
Cholera
Plague
Small-Pox
Influenza

*Figures for any other specified disease, which has been epidemic at the oil-well should be entered in this form.

FORM V

[See Regulation 3(1)]

Type and aggregate horse-power of electrical apparatus

I. System of supply (whether continuous-current or alternating current)—

Voltage of supply

Periodicity

Source of supply

2. Voltage at which current is used for—

Lighting

Power

3. Aggregate horse-power of motors installed for—

Hoisting

Haulage

Pumping

Miscellaneous

Total horse-power

FORM VI

[See Regulation 10]

Notice of Accident

From
To

THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF MINES,

Through the District Magistrate of

Sub-Divisional

Dated

19

Sir,

I have the honour to furnish the following particulars of

a fatal accident
a serious accident
an accidental explosion or ignition
an outbreak of fire
an oil-well getting out of control

which has occurred at the oil-well.

1. Situation of the oil-well.
(Village, Station, District, Province.)

2. Name and postal address of owner.

3. Name and sex of persons—
killed injured

Age.

Occupation.

4. Date and hour of the occurrence.

5. Place of the occurrence.

6. Cause and description.

7. Nature of injury and, if fatal, cause of death.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,Owner.Agent.Manager.

A. R. CORNELIUS

Secretary.

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

of Labour, Notification No. M-1051, dated the 20th January 1938, namely:—

No. LR. 7 (7) 50-L.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 46 read with section 47 of the Mines Act, 1923 (IV of 1923), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the late Government of India, Department

In the Schedule to the said notification item No. 2, relating to "Borings and oil wells in the making or operation of which no person is employed beneath the superjacent ground", shall be deleted and the succeeding items shall be renumbered accordingly.

M. ASLAM, Dy. Secy.

(Law Division)

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. F. 79/50-Leg.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 175 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor-General is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Ministry of Law and Labour (Law Division) Notification No. F. 122/48-Law, dated the 6th April, 1950, namely:—

In the said notification:—

1. In Part X relating to the Civil Aviation Department:

(i) In paragraph 1 for the words "the Director of Civil Aviation" the words "the Director General of Civil Aviation" shall be substituted.

(ii) For the paragraph following sub-paragraph (d) of paragraph 2, the following new paragraph shall be substituted, namely:—

"by the Director General of Civil Aviation, Deputy Director General of Civil Aviation, Director or Deputy Director of Civil Aviation, Executive Engineer, Civil Aviation Department, Chief Equipment Officer, Airport Managers (Grade I), or Aerodrome Officers in the Civil Aviation Department."

(iii) For the existing paragraph 3 the following new paragraph shall be substituted, namely:—

3. Agreements with Airport Managers (Grades III and IV), Aerodrome Officers, Assistant Aerodrome Officers, Aerodrome Fire Officers, Inspectors of Aircraft, Assistant Inspectors of Aircraft, Communication Officers, Communication Engineers, Stores Officers, Assistant Communication Officers, Assistant Communication Engineers, Assistant Stores Officers, Communication

Instructors, Engineer Instructors, Aerodrome Instructors, Assistant Communication Instructors, Assistant Engineer Instructors and Assistant Aerodrome Instructors in the Civil Aviation Department;

by the Director General of Civil Aviation."

2. In Part XXVII relating to the Civil Medical Department:

(i) In the heading, for the words "Civil Medical Department" the words "Health Department" shall be substituted.

(ii) In paragraph A, sub-paragraphs 1 and 2 for the words "Medical Services" wherever occurring, the words "Health" shall be substituted.

(iii) The existing paragraph B shall be deleted and the following new paragraphs shall be inserted, namely:—

B.—Contracts for the supply of articles of food, fodder, etc., for animals or of other articles required for Laboratory work; by the Director of the Bureau of Laboratories and the Malaria Institute of Pakistan.

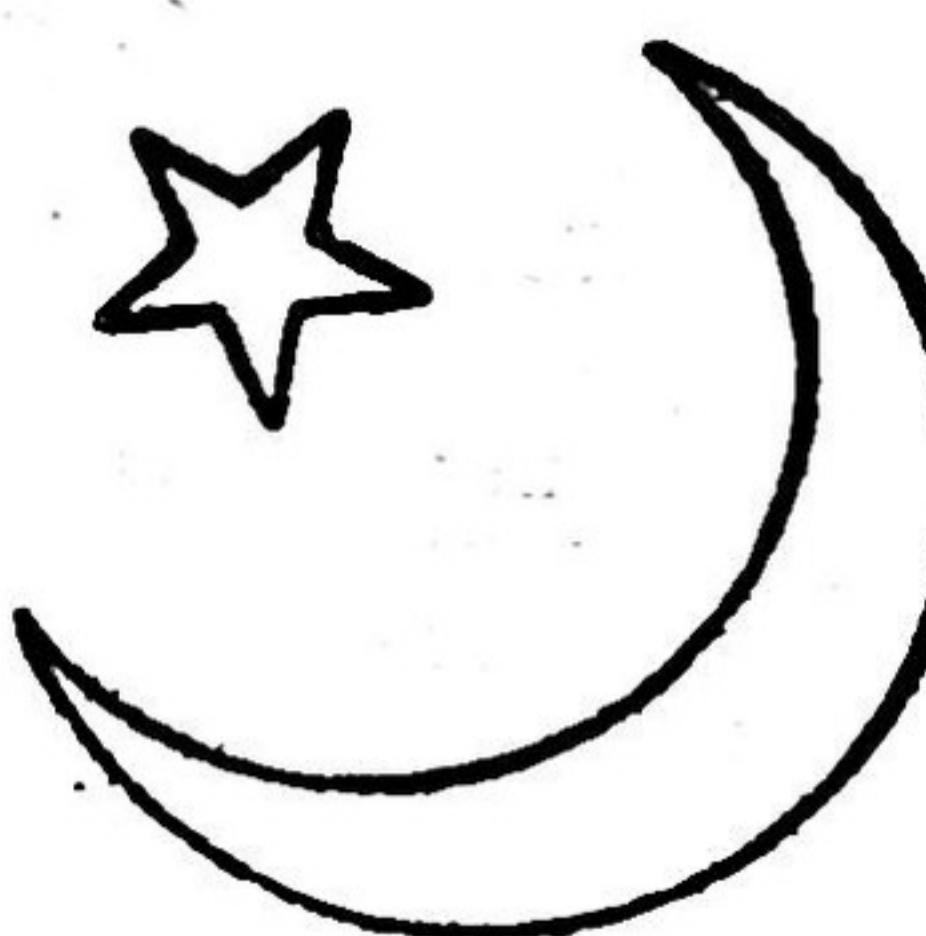
C.—Other contracts or instruments relating to the Health Department; by the Director General, Health, Pakistan."

3. Part XXIX relating to the Public Health Department shall be deleted.

4. In Part XXX-A relating to Radio Pakistan, the full stop at the end of paragraph 1 shall be deleted and after the words "Radio Pakistan" occurring for the last time the following words shall be added, namely:—

"and the Director of External Services and Monitoring, Radio Pakistan."

ABDUL HAMID, Dy. Secy.



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KARACHI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1950

PART I—Section 2

Government of Pakistan Notifications relating to Appointments, Promotions, etc.

CABINET SECRETARIAT

Karachi, the 6th October 1950

No. 48|K-50|Admn.—Mr. S. Kazim Raza, P.S.P., Director, Intelligence Bureau, Karachi, has been granted leave on average pay on medical certificate for one month and 26 days, with effect from 18th August 1950 (forenoon).

S. OSMAN ALI, Joint Secy.

Karachi, the 10th October 1950

No. 66|2|50-Admn.—Miss Kay Miles is appointed as Comptroller of the Hon'ble the Prime Minister's House-hold with effect from the 1st September 1950.

SHAIKH FATEH ALI, Asstt. Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND EDUCATION
(Commerce Division)

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

No. 312|105|50.—Dr. Alfred Brabant has been appointed temporarily as an Officer on Special Duty (Tea) in the Commerce Division of the Ministry of Commerce and Education, with effect from the 28th September 1950 until further orders.

No. 312|305.—Mr. S. A. Hasnie, who was appointed as Leader of the Pakistan Trade Delegation to Italy, Poland, Switzerland, Egypt and Japan, has on the expiry of that appointment resumed charge as Joint Secretary to the Government of Pakistan in the Commerce Division of the Ministry of Commerce and Education, with effect from the forenoon of 18th September 1950.

No. 312|314.—Mr. M. U. Ahmed, who was appointed as Secretary to the Pakistan Trade Delegation to Italy, Poland, Switzerland, Egypt and Japan, has on the expiry of that appointment resumed charge as Assistant Secretary to the Government of Pakistan in the Commerce Division of the Ministry of Commerce and Education, with effect from the forenoon of 18th September 1950.

A. A. SAID, Dy. Secy.

(Education Division)

Karachi, the 6th October 1950

No. F. 5-17|50-E.I. (A).—Mr. Maqsood Hasan Khan has been appointed as Deputy Educational Inspector of Schools, Karachi, with effect from the forenoon of the 11th March 1949.

M. A. LATIF, Dy. Secy.

(Jute Board)

Narayanganj, the 6th October 1950

No. B|435|50-JB.—Sahibzada Mohammad Ibrahim has been appointed as Assistant Accounts Officer, Jute Board.

Sahibzada Ibrahim took charge of his duties in the forenoon of the 6th October 1950.

A. MATIN,
Assistant Secretary, Jute Board.

MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS

(Posts & Telegraphs)

Karachi, the 7th October 1950

No. S. 1-23|50.—Mr. M. N. Mirza, M.B.E., Deputy Director General (Telegraphs), is appointed as Chief Engineer (Posts and Telegraphs), with effect from the 1st October 1950.

W. H. SHOOBERT, Secy.

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. S. 1-18|50.—Khan Saheb K. A. Rahman and Mr. Sher Mohammad Syed are appointed substantively as Assistant Deputy Directors-General with effect from the 15th August 1947.

2. The liens of Khan Saheb K. A. Rahman and Mr. Sher Mohammad Syed, who have been selected for the General Administrative Reserve and are on deputation to the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Communications, with effect from the 9th and 17th December 1948, respectively, are suspended.

3. Messrs S. Nazir Ahmad and S. Bashir Ahmad are made provisional permanent as Assistant Deputy Directors-General, with effect from the 9th December 1948 and 17th December 1948, respectively *vice* Khan Saheb K. A. Rahman and Mr. Sher Mohammad Syed.

M. H. ZUBERI, Dy. Secy.

(Railway Division)

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. Admn. 50-LE-7.—Mr. Hafiz Ahmad, Director, Railway Division, has been granted two months leave on medical grounds on full pay effect from 16th August 1950 to 15th October 1950 (both days inclusive).

KHAN F. M. KHAN,
Director General, Railways.

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

No. E50PM4/21-I.—Mr. A. G. Hall is confirmed as General Manager, North Western Railway, with effect from the 15th August 1947.

No. E50PM4/21-II.—Khan F. M. Khan, Officiating Director General, Railways, Railway Division, Ministry of Communications, is confirmed as General Manager, Eastern Bengal Railway, with effect from the 15th August 1947.

C. E. MAHMUD,
for Director-General, Railways.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

Karachi, the 5th October 1950

No. D. 4521-Est. II/50.—Mr. M. Hashim, Officiating Joint Secretary, Ministry of Finance, has been granted further extension of leave on half average pay for four months, with effect from the 2nd October 1950.

MUMTAZ MIRZA, Joint Secy.

(Revenue Division)

Karachi, the 6th October 1950

(HEADQUARTERS ESTABLISHMENTS)

No. 21.—On transfer from the Ministry of Finance, Mr. M. R. Shah, an Officiating Assistant Secretary, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Secretary to the Government of Pakistan in the Revenue Division, with effect from the 1st September 1950 and until further orders.

S. IKRAMULLAH, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (MILITARY)

Karachi, the 3rd October 1950

No. M-89/4436-A.—The Auditor General of Pakistan Notification No. 624-GB/58-49, dated 31st March 1949, published in Part II, Section 2, of the *Gazette of Pakistan* dated April 8th, 1949, regarding the promotion of Mr. Sadrud-Din, Deputy Controller of Naval Accounts, Karachi, to the Pakistan Audit and Accounts Service, with effect from 23rd March 1949, is hereby cancelled.

M. FAHIMUDDIN,
Deputy Financial Adviser,
Military Finance.

CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE

Karachi, the 6th October 1950

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS

No. 16.—Mr. P. M. Brennan, a Principal Appraiser in the Karachi Custom House, has been granted 3 months 27 days leave on average pay combined with leave on half average pay for 5 months 4 days and leave without pay for 2 months and 29 days *ex-Pakistan* with effect from the 1st October 1950.

M. R. SHAH,
Secretary, Central Board of Revenue.

Karachi, the 13th October 1950

CENTRAL EXCISE AND SALT ESTABLISHMENTS

No. 68.—Mr. Bahadur Khan, a Deputy Superintendent in the Central Excise Collectorate, Lahore, has been appointed to officiate as Superintendent of Central Excise with effect from the 26th August 1950 until further orders and has been posted at Lahore.

M. R. SHAH,
Secretary, Central Board of Revenue.

MINISTRY OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE

(Agriculture Division)

Karachi, the 5th October 1950

No. F. 8/149-L.—Mr. Syed Riazul Hassan, B.A., L.M., M.R.C.V.S., Officer-in-Charge and Research Office (Biological Products), Pakistan Animal Husbandry Research Institute, Sub-station Comilla, is granted the following leave preparatory to retirement with effect from the 17th August 1950:—

- (i) 8 months leave on average pay, *ex-Pakistan* from 17th August 1950 to 16th April 1951; and
- (ii) 2 months and 14 days leave on half average pay with effect from the 17th April 1951 to 30th June 1951.

Mr. Mohd. Israil Khan, G.V.Sc., Assistant Research Officer (Biological Products), Pakistan Animal Husbandry Research Institute, Sub-station Comilla, is appointed to officiate as Officer-in-Charge and Research Office (Biological Products), of that Institute in addition to his own duties, *vice* Mr. S. R. Hassan, with effect from 17th August 1950 until further orders.

Karachi, the 6th October 1950

No. F. 8/7/50-CS.—Mr. Behram Khan, Assistant Marketing Officer in the Cooperation and Marketing Department, is granted study leave for one year, with effect from the 6th September 1950 (afternoon).

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. F. 9/28/50-C.S.—Dr. Nazeer Ahmad Janjua, Entomologist, Department of Agriculture, Baluchistan, is appointed to officiate as Locust Entomologist in the Department of Plant Protection, with effect from the 12th September 1950 until further orders.

M. H. SUFI, Dy. Secy.

**MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND
COMMONWEALTH RELATIONS**

Karachi, the 20th September 1950

No. Admn. 1/35/50.—Mr. S. Lal Shah Bokhari relinquished charge of the office of Deputy Secretary in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Commonwealth Relations on the afternoon of the 12th August 1950.

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

No. Admn. 13/7/50.—Mr. Habibullah, a provisional permanent Superintendent in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Commonwealth Relations, was granted earned leave on average pay for a further period of 9 days with effect from the forenoon of the 23rd July 1950.

2. On expiry of his leave, Mr. Habibullah resumed charge of the office of Superintendent in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Commonwealth Relations with effect from the 1st August 1950 (forenoon).

NASIM HUSAIN, Dy. Secy.

Karachi, the 5th October 1950

No. M-9/13/50.—The leave on medical certificate for two and a half months granted to Mufti Mohammad Abbas, Third Secretary to the High Commissioner for Pakistan in India, New Delhi, with effect from the forenoon of the 20th July 1950 is hereby extended on medical certificate from the forenoon of the 6th October 1950 to the afternoon of the 20th October 1950.

2. This Ministry's notification of even number, dated the 18th September, 1950 is hereby cancelled.

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. M.63/13/50.—Mr. A. A. Farooq is appointed as Second Secretary on the Staff of the Pakistan Permanent Representative to the United Nations, New York, with effect from the forenoon of 12th September 1950.

I. ATHAR, Dy. Secy.

Karachi, the 5th October 1950

No. PFS. 1 (11)50.—On transfer to the Embassy of Pakistan in Burma as Second Secretary, Sardar Shah Nawaz Khan relinquished charge of the office of Officer on Special Duty in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Commonwealth Relations with effect from the afternoon of the 28th September 1950.

Karachi, the 6th October 1950

No. PFS-13 (1)50.—Mr. Birjis Hassan Khan, is appointed to the Pakistan Foreign Service on probation with effect from the 2nd October 1950 (forenoon).

No. PFS-13 (1)50.—Sayyid Anwarul Karim, is appointed to the Pakistan Foreign Service on probation with effect from the 5th October 1950 (forenoon).

Karachi, the 7th October 1950

No. PFS-13 (1)50.—Mr. Zafarul Islam, is appointed to the Pakistan Foreign Service on probation with effect from the 6th October 1950 (forenoon).

ABDULLAH JAN,
Officer on Special Duty.

Karachi, the 5th October 1950

No. M.6/17/50.—Mr. S. A. A. K. Durrani is appointed as Second Secretary in the Embassy of Pakistan, Tehran, with effect from the forenoon of the 22nd July 1950.

2. Syed Tayyeb Husain relinquished charge of the post of Second Secretary, Embassy of Pakistan, Tehran, with effect from the forenoon of the 22nd July 1950.

3. This Ministry's notification No. M.6/17/50, dated the 10th August 1950, is hereby cancelled.

P. M. CHAUDHURI,
Officer on Special Duty.

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. D-4229-P. (I)50.—His Excellency the Governor General of Pakistan is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Senior Antonio Ruccio, Consul-in-Charge of the Consulate General for Argentine at Karachi.

REYAZUL HASAN,
Officer on Special Duty.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND WORKS

(Health Division)

Karachi, the 7th October 1950

No. F. 4-20/50-M.—Dr. A. K. Shariff is appointed Resident Physician (Tuberculosis) in the Jinnah Central Hospital, Karachi with effect from the 10th August 1950.

No. F. 4-127/50-M.—Dr. (Miss) N. J. Ferozuddin, M.B.B.S., Resident Medical Officer, Jinnah Central Hospital, Karachi, has been granted earned leave for 15 days with effect from the 22nd August 1950 (forenoon).

No. F. 5-1/50-P. H.—Major N. A. Kuraishi, M. B., Ch.B., D.T.M. (Liverpool), lately Officiating Chief Medical Officer, Inspector-General of Prisons, and Officer-in-Charge, Anti-Malaria Operations in Baluchistan, is appointed Officer on Special Duty in the Jinnah Central Hospital, Karachi, for period of six months with effect from the 1st May 1950.

S. S. HAIDER, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRIES

Karachi, the 5th October 1950

No. E-II-9 (1) 48.—Mr. E. Dixon, Coal Commissioner, Pakistan, relinquished charge of his duties with effect from the afternoon of 30th September 1950.

No. E-II-9 (1) 48-A.—Mr. E. Dixon, Coal Commissioner, Pakistan, has been granted leave on average pay for two months and one day and in continuation leave on half average pay for two years with effect from 1st October 1950 preparatory to voluntary retirement from Government service under the contract entered into by him with the late Government of undivided India.

No. E-II-9 (1) 48-B.—Mr. E. Dixon assumed charge of his duties as Coal Commissioner, Pakistan, under a new contract of service entered into by him with the Government of Pakistan, with effect from the afternoon of 30th September 1950.

M. NASRULLAH, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR

(Home Division)

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

No. 173049-Police-II.—Mr. Habibullah Khan has taken over charge of the office of the Deputy Superintendent of Police, Foreign Exchange Scheme, Pakistan Special Police Establishment, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st July 1950.

Mr. M. Ghulam Mohiuddin has taken over charge as Deputy Superintendent of Police in the Karachi Circle of the Pakistan Special Police Establishment, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st July 1950.

G. RASHEED, Under Secy.

(Information and Broadcasting Division)

Karachi, the 2nd October 1950

No. 13 (85) 49-B.—Mr. Abbas Ali Jaffery is appointed to officiate as Assistant News Editor, Central

News Organisation, Radio Pakistan, Karachi, with effect from the 5th September 1950 until further orders.

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. 101 (47) 49-E.P.—On the completion of his training at Karachi, Khawaja Abdul Hamid Irfani, Press Attaché, Embassy of Pakistan in Iran, resumed charge at Tehran with effect from the forenoon of the 1st October 1950.

Q. U. SHAHAB, Dy. Secy.

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. 34 (69) 50-B.—Mr. Ejaz Ahmad, Officiating News Editor, Central News Organisation, Radio Pakistan, Karachi, was permitted to resign his post with effect from the afternoon of the 31st August 1950.

MOHD. SABIR, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF LAW AND LABOUR

(Labour Division)

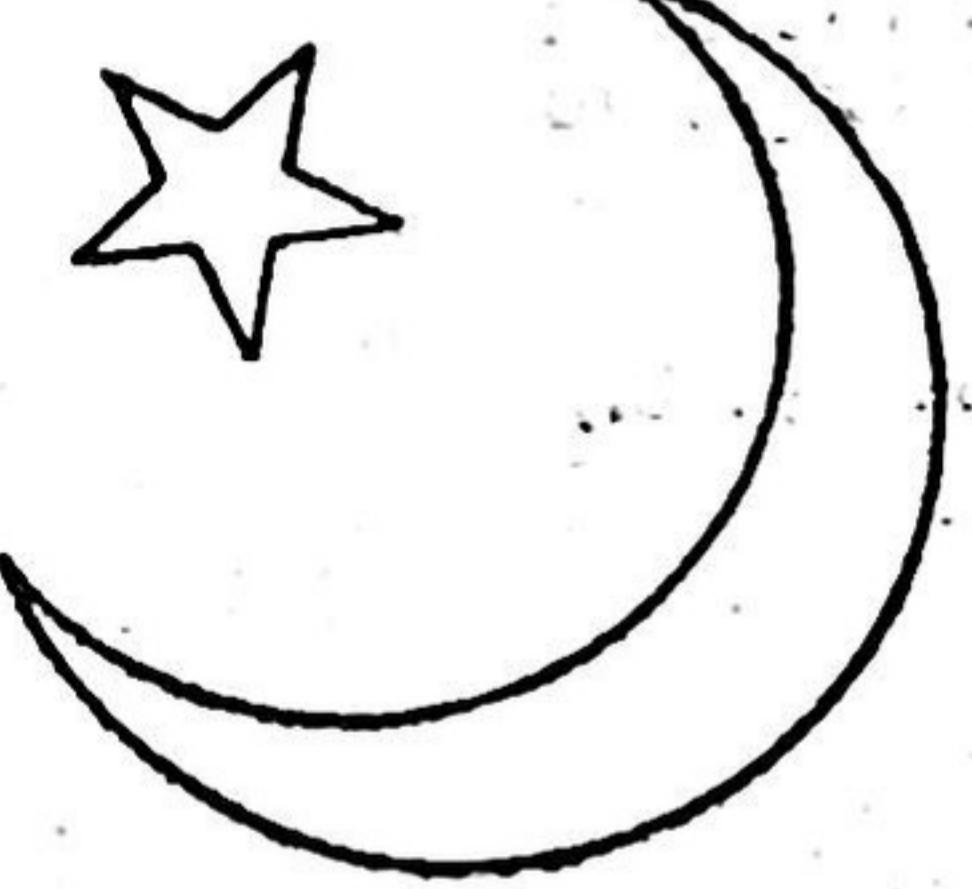
RESETTLEMENT AND EMPLOYMENT

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. EE-438.—Mr. Manzur Ahmad, Assistant Manager, Employment Exchange, Montgomery, relinquished charge of his appointment under this Department with effect from the afternoon of the 26th July 1950.

No. EE-461.—Consequent on his appointment as Labour Welfare Officer, Pakistan Ordnance Factories, Mr. Zahoor Hussain Qureshi, Assistant Manager, Employment Exchange, Sialkot, relinquished charge of his temporary appointment under this Department with effect from the 25th September 1950 (forenoon).

S. HAMIDULLAH,
Chief Resettlement Officer and
Ex-officio Dy. Secy



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PART I—Section 3

Notifications issued by the Ministry of Defence, i.e., those not included in Sections 1 and 2 of Part I

MINISTRY OF DEFENCE

Karachi, the 13th October 1950

ARMY BRANCH

768/50.—The services of the undermentioned offrs. are placed at the disposal of H. E. the Governor, M.W.F.P. for employment with Civil Armed Forces w.e.f. the dates shown against their names:—

- (1) 2|Lt. (T|Lt.) Mahbub Ali (PSS-11771), PAEC.—1st Jul. 1948.
- (2) 2|Lt. (T|Lt.) Murtaza Husain (PA-1434), PAEC.—28th Feb. 1949.
- (3) 2|Lt. (T|Capt.) Ghulam Ahmad (PEC-3154), PAEC.—30th Jan. 1950.
- (4) 2|Lt. (T|Lt.) Ghulam Hyder Khan (PSS-10120), PAEC.—30th Jan. 1950.
(6852|36|MT4|Edn.)

No. 769/50.—The undermentioned offr. is granted the local rank of Lt.-Col., without effect on pay and pension, whilst employed as Instr (GSO-2) Staff Wing, Comd. and Staff College, Quetta:—

Maj. G. F. H. Archer (67107), R. Fus. 11th Sep. 1950: (0384|7|1|MS1-B|7872-G|D-3.)

No. 770/50.—The following promotions are made w.e.f. 1st Jan. 1950:—

Pakistan Army

To be Jemdr.

8th Punjab Regiment

No. 3037034 Hav. (BQMH) Abdullah Khan.
(4870|5|31|P.S.2|9198|D.2|50.)

No. 3039211 Hav. Mohd. Akbar and No. 3039209 Hav. Sowar Khan.
(4870|5|29|P.S.2|9126-D.2|50.)

1st Punjab Regiment

No. 2332111 Hav. Abdul Rashid 1st Jan. 1950.

No. 2333749 Hav. Fazal Rehman 1st Feb. 1950.
(4870|5|33|P.S.2|9200-D.2|50.)

To be Jemdr. (Hd. Clk.)

8th Punjab Regiment

No. 3038101, Hav.|Clk. Cl. I Khurshid-ul-Hassan, 7th Jun. 1950.
(4870|5|30|P.S.-2|9197-D.2|50.)

To be Jemdr.

14 Punjab Regiment

No. 3636161 Hav.|Clk. Cl. I Mahbub Khan, 16th Jul. 1950.
(4870|5|28|P.S.2|9055-D.2|50.)

To be Jemdr. (H|C).

12 Frontier Force Regiment

No. 3437670 Hav|Clk. Cl. I Karim Gul, 4th Aug. 1950.
(4870|5|32|P.S.2|9199-D.2|50.)

No. 771/50.—The undermentioned offr. is permitted to relinquish his commission on grounds of ill-health:—

Pakistan Land Forces

T|Capt. Manga Khan Mirza (PEC-8046), FF. R.I.F.—30th Dec. 1949.
(0373|15|M.S.2B|160-S|D.-3.)

No. 772/50.—The undermentioned offr. is permitted to relinquish his commission:—

2|Lt. Mohd. Yousaf Orakzai (PEC-13030), 12 FF Regt.—20th Jan. 1950.
(0375|259|M.S.2B|229-S|D.-3.)

No. 773/50.—The undermentioned offr. retired from Army Service w.e.f. the date shown against him and is granted the hon. rank of Col.:—

Pakistan Land Forces

Indian Medical Service

Lt.|Col. J. E. Dhunjibhoy (M-18345), M.B.,B.S., (Bom.), 20th May 1948.
(3550|310|M.P.R.S.(O)|7710-G|D-3.)

No. 774/50.—Corrigenda (i).—In Min. of Def. Notn. No. 524/48, dated the 10th Sep. 1948, under the heading "Short Service Regular Commissions", for "Malik Atta Rasul (IEC-9132 now PSS-9132)", read "Malik Ata Rasul (PEC-9132 now PSS-9132)".
(0313|74|MS2A|7862-G|D-3.)

(ii) In Min. of Def. Notn. No. 917/49, dated the 11th Nov. 1949, (page 524) under heading "Indian Army Ordnance Corps", for "Jem. Abdul Rahman (MTN|999)" read "Upper Division Assistant Abdul Rahman (OUN|999)".
(4845|20|II|P.S.-2|9174-D.2.)

(iii) In Min. of Def. Notn. No. 303/50, dated the 21st Apr. 1950, the heading "S.S.R.C. for 5 years" should read "S.S.R.C. for 3 years".
(0313|74|M.S.2A|7583-G|D-3.)

(iv) Min. of Def. Notn. No. 630/50, dated the 19th Sep. 1950, reg. the grant of local rank of Capt. to Lt. Waheed Qadir (PA-1541), 19 Lancers, ADC to C-in-C., Pak. Army, is hereby cancelled.

(0384/146|M.S.1B/7884-G|D-3.)

(v) (a) In Min. of Def. Notn. No. 522/50, dated the 7th July 1950, line 1, for "Min. of Dey." read "Min. of Def."

(b) In Min. of Def. Gazette, dated the 7th July 1950, page 351, under "ARMY BRANCH" for "No. 522/50.—Corrigendum.—In Min. of Def." substitute "No. 523/50.—The following appointments are made".

(c) In the Min. of Def. Gazette, dated the 14th July 1950, page 360, above Notn. No. 543/50, insert "MINISTRY OF DEFENCE SECTT." as a heading.

(d) At the end of Min. of Def. Notn. No. 557/50, dated the 21st July 1950, for "(0313/27/1/MS2-A/5484-G|D3)" read "(1715/1/E.1/5115-G|D.3)"

(7736|D-8.)

AIR BRANCH

No. 775/50.—The undermentioned are granted tempy. commissions :—

Royal Pakistan Air Force Maint. (Tech.|Eng.) Branch To be Plt. Offrs.

Cadets Abdur Rashid Khan, Ghulam Mohammad Siddiqui, Khalid Abdul Ghafoor Khan, Mirza Saleem Anwar Beg, Mohammad Ajmal Khan, Syed Mohammad Yusuf, Mohammad Wahidullah, Barkat Husain and Muzaffar Jang—1st Jun. 1950.

Mr. Mohammad Aslam Khan—10th Jun. 1950.

(Air HQ|12357|6|P.2|D.3.)

No. 776/50.—The following promotions are made :—

Royal Pakistan Air Force General Duties (Pilot) Branch Plt. Offrs. to be subs. Fly. Offrs.

Saeed Ahmed Malik, Abdul Waheed Mufti, Khurshid Raza Khan and Syed Mohd. Asghar—15th Jul. 1950.

Special Duties (Accts.) Branch

Noor Uddin Qureshi—15th Jul. 1950.

Special Duties (Admin.) Branch

Abdul Quddus—27th Jul. 1950.

(Air HQ|12302|4|P.2|D.-7.)

OFFICE OF THE C. A. O.

No. 777/50.—Mr. Raza-ur-Rahman, Ty. Supdt., A. G.'s Br. appointed offg. O. S. from 1st April 1950 to 8th Aug. 1950.

[0117|2697|A.O.II|II (a).]

No. 778/50.—The following offrs. are granted leave :—

Mr. W. J. Wood, M.B.E., Pt. O.S.|Ty. D.A.M.S., granted 3 months and 2 days' privilege leave combined with 4 months and 18 days' furlough on average salary and 8 days' furlough on half average salary, ex-Pakistan—13th Jun. 1949.

[0119|28|A.O.II|II(a).]

Mr. Abdul Hafiz, Offg. O. S., G. S. Br., G. H. Q., granted an extension of privilege leave for 9 days—10th Aug. 1950.

[0117|279|AOII|II(b).]

Mr. G. D. Johnson, Pt. A.D.M.F., D.R.V. and F., G.H.Q., granted 3 months and 8 days' privilege leave combined with 3 months and 18 days' furlough on average salary and 4 months and 4 days' furlough on half average salary, ex-Pakistan, preparatory to retirement—5th Oct. 1950.

[0119|710|A.O.II|II(a).]

No. 779/50.—Corrigenda.—(i) In Min. of Def. Notn. No. 691/50 for "4 months and 1 day's furlough on full average salary" read "2 months and 11 days' furlough on full average salary".

(ii) In Min. of Def. Notn. No. 606/50 dated 4th Aug. 1950, for "4 months" read "3 months and 22 days."

[0117|722|A.O.II|II(C).]

(iii) In Min. of Def. Gazette, dated the 25th Aug. 1950 after No. 658/50, under "MINISTRY OF DEFENCE SECTT." delete existing entries and substitute No. 659/50.—Mr. A. A. Khan, tempy. Asstt. Secy., Min. of Def., granted 39 days earned leave, 20th May 1950".

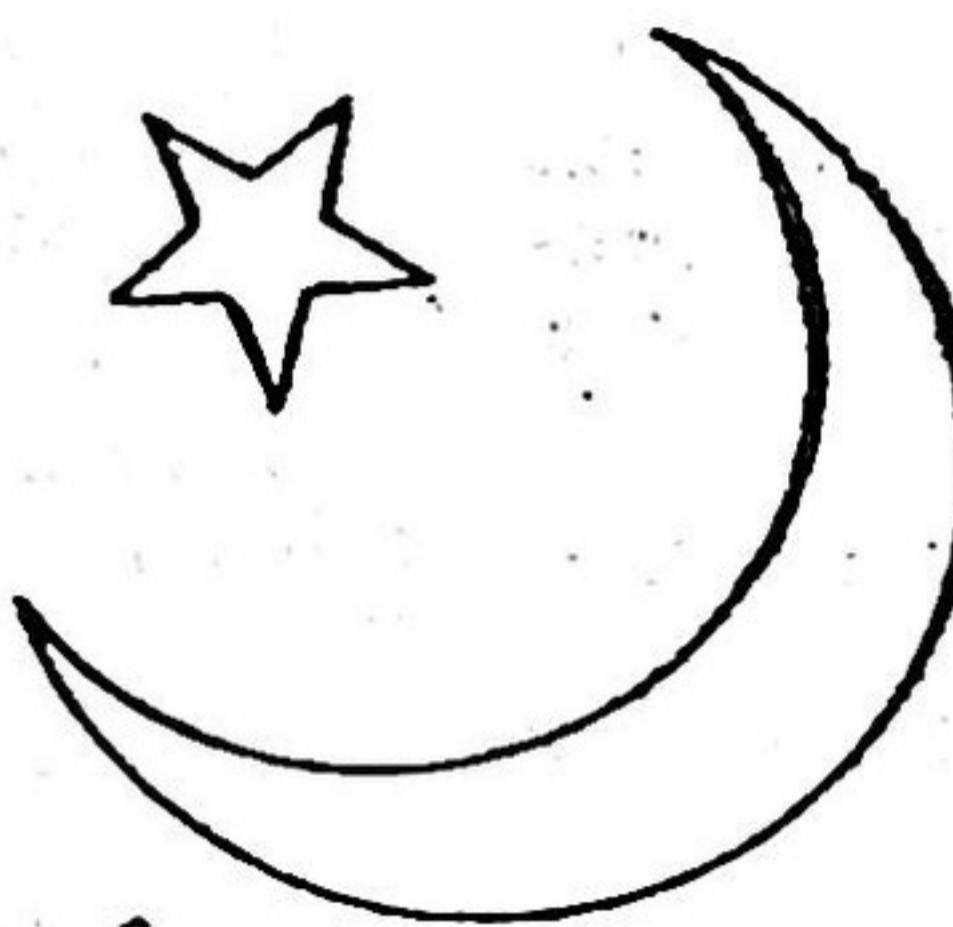
(6432|F. 794|A.O.II|I.)

(iv) In Min. of Def. Notn. No. 745/50, dated the 29th Sep. 1950, for "22 months and 3 days privilege leave" read "2 months and 3 days privilege leave".

[0119|168|A.O.II|II(C).]

A. T. NAQVI, Secy.

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KARACHI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1950

PART II—Section 1

Notifications and Notices issued by the Patent Office relating to Patents and Designs

THE PATENT OFFICE

(Patents and Designs)

Karachi, the 13th October 1950

Applications for Patents

The dates shown in brackets are the dates claimed under Section

78-A of the Act.

2nd October 1950

22326. Chas Pfizer & Co., Inc.—Improvements in or relating to Antibacterial Compositions.

22327. Saurefabrik Schweizerhall.—Process and apparatus for obtaining titanium-dioxide with high rutile content.

22328. Mr. Nazir Mohd. Sheikh and Flt. Lt. Ahmad Hussain Sufi.—Improvement in the existing locking device of Fish-plates on the Railway Track.

3rd October 1950

22329. Louis Birkigt.—Improvements in spinning spindle mechanism including a worm and worm wheel drive.

22330. British insulated Callender's Cables Limited.—Improvements in the manufacture of insulated electric conductors. (14th October 1949).

4th October 1950

22331. N. V. Koninklijke Nederlandsche Gist-En Spiritusfabriek.—A Process for the Manufacture of 1-phenyl-1,3-dihydroxy-2-aminopropane and of chloramphenicol therefrom.

22332. Nederlandse organisatie Voor Toegepast-Natuurwetenschappelijk Onderzoek Ten Behoeve Van De Voeding.—Process for the prevention of development of off-flavours in edible oils and fats and in foodstuffs containing fats and oils.

5th October 1950

22333. British Nylon Spinners Limited.—Improvements in and relating to textile treatment and compositions therefor. (13th October 1949).

22334. Saurefabrik Schweizerhall.—Manufacture of pigmentary titanium Dioxide with a very high content of rutile.

22335. Saurefabrik Schweizerhall.—Manufacture of pigmentary titanium dioxide.

22336. The English Electric Company Limited.—Improvements relating to electric Transmission Systems for vehicles. (7th October 1949).

2337. Mr. Nazir Mohd. and Flt. Lt. Ahmad Hussain Sufi.—Automatic Safety Door Locking Device for Railway Compartments. (7th October 1950)
2338. John R. Sorensen and Company Limited.—An improved edible foaming substance.
2339. Colamin Rainwater Products Limited.—Device for use in connecting the ends of pipes. (17th October 1949).
2340. Victor Hill Fray.—An improved screw or like nicking machine.
2341. Victor Hill Fray.—Improved Hopper-Feed Apparatus for metal thread screw blanks and the like.
2342. Victor Hill Fray.—Improvements in thread Rolling apparatus. (13th October 1949).
2343. Victor Hill Fray.—Improvements in screw or like nicking machines. (17th October 1949).
2344. Saurefabrik Schweizerhall.—Manufacture of pigmentary rutile titanium dioxide.
2345. F. Hoffmann-La Roche & Co., Aktiengesellschaft.—Process for the manufacture of an aminopropane-diol.

Applications Accepted.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of patents on any of the applications referred to below may at any time within four months of the date of this *Gazette of Pakistan*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed Form No. 6, of the Patents and Designs Rules, 1933, of such opposition.

A limited number of printed copies of the specifications will be available for sale from the Manager, Governor-General's Press, Victoria Road, Karachi, shortly.

The price of each specification is Re. 1 (postage extra, if sent out of Pakistan). Requisitions for the supply of printed specifications should be accompanied by the numbers of the specifications.

The dates shown in crescent brackets are the dates allowed under Section 78-A, of the Act.

493. Ciba Limited.—Manufacture of new condensation products of sulfanilamidothiodiazoles. (23rd December 1946).

Reacting sulphanilamidothiodiazoles with formaldehyde.

517. Harold Martin and Ian Griffith Slater.—Improvements in and relating to stud welding. (1st May 1947).

Preparing the stud with flux, forming an arc between the stud and the plate, maintaining the arc for a predetermined time period and then moving the stud into contact with the plate.

518. Harold Martin.—Improvements in and relating to the welding of metal studs and the like to metal plates and the like. (10th November 1942).

Consists in metallizing the ends of the studs with metals or alloys of high electrical conductivity and forming an arc between the stud and the plate to be welded.

668. P. A. M. Limited and Herbert Bruce William Holt.—Improvements in or relating to means for controlling temperatures.

Comprising thermo-sensitive element or thermostat device and valve amplifying means controlling switch of heating device.

698. Gillette Safety Razor Company.—Improvements in blade dispensing magazines.

Including an enclosure having an exit slot bounded by a pair of flanges each being integral with a wall of the enclosure and spaced therefrom by an amount less than the combined thickness of two blades but not less than the thickness of a single blade.

757. Monsanto Chemical Company.—Improvements in or relating to methods of treating textile fibers, and the improved textile fibers resulting therefrom.

Applying to the fibres prior to spinning at some stage a colloidal aqueous solution of silica and drying the same.

833. Sturmey-Archer Gears Limited and William Brown.—Improvements in or relating to epicyclic change speed gears. (11th April 1939).

Comprising two epicyclic gear trains, wherein planet carrier of one is always coupled to the annulus of the other.

849. Standard Telephones and Cables Limited.—Improvements in or relating to electric pulse code modulation systems of communication. (20th February 1948).

Signal amplitudes are represented by a pulse code of binary type, a change of signal amplitude by one step causing a change of only one code element.

852. Riccardo Scarani.—Improvements in or relating to drawing frames.

Comprising low and high circumferential velocity toothed wheels for working feed and return of needle bars, rotating star and maltese-cross-cam devices.

867. The M-O Valve Company Limited.—Improvements in electric discharge devices. (1st April 1944).

Electrode system extending beyond an imaginary cylindrical surface forming the prolongation of vitreous tube by which electrode is supported.

868. The M-O Valve Company Limited.—Improvements in vapour containing discharge devices. (16th October 1946).

In device containing water vapour, part at least of electrodes surface is oxidised.

891. Standard Telephones and Cables Limited.—Improvement in or relating to telegraph receivers.

Comprising impulse generator, a pilot chain of gas filled tubes, another such chain, telegraph relays and a meter.

931. Eli Lilly and Company.—Improvements in or relating to the production of penicillin.

A penicillium mold of the notatum-chrysogenum group is grown in a culture medium in the presence of a phenylacetyl compound.

935. Eli Lilly and Company.—Penicillin.

Growing a penicillin mold in a culture medium containing mold-growth-supporting material and a mono-substituted acetic acid.

936. Antonio Vittorio Locatelli.—Means for pressing or forming cavities in blocks, bricks and other moulded articles or parts.

Comprising vertical press, box containing stationery punches inflatable tubes, vertically movable platform operated by fluid pressure, in combination rotary columns carrying moulds.

955. Aladdin Industries Limited, and Hugh Charles Hebard.—Improvements in heating devices. (8th November 1946).

Comprising a casing, heating element disposed centrally of said casing, heating element carried by components of greater area.

961. Albert Godenir and Abram Rupert Neelands.—Improvements in or relating to tamping machines.

Comprising tamping hammer, eccentric device producing oscillating motion, spring connecting hammer with eccentric device, power driving the eccentric.

963. La Modernisation Industrielle.—Apparatus for engraving cylindrical stencils.

Engraved by a tool reciprocated with impulses transmitted electrically from a scanning device.

965. Harry Ralph Pall Mall Ricardo.—Improvements in or relating to internal combustion engines operating on the two stroke cycles with compression ignition. (15th March 1948).

Provided with means for varying the timing of the closing of exhaust valve or valves.

973. The General Electric Company Limited.—Improvements in and relating to high pressure electric discharge lamps. (17th June 1946).

Adapted to operate without liquid cooling and to dissipate normal operation, a wattage between 100 watts and 15,000 watts.

974. The General Electric Company Limited.—Improvements in electromagnetic switches. (22nd September 1947).

Comprising two longitudinally extending discontinuous webs on opposite side of shaft for securing contact wiper assemblies by screws and clamping plates.

975. The General Electric Company Limited.—Improvements in electromagnetic switches. (22nd September 1947).

A shaft adapted to support the movable contact wipers is provided with longitudinally extending webs.

1034. American Chemical Paint Company.—Improvements in compositions for killing weeds. (9th April 1945).

Comprising 2:4-dichlorophenoxy acetic acid dispersed in water or inert product.

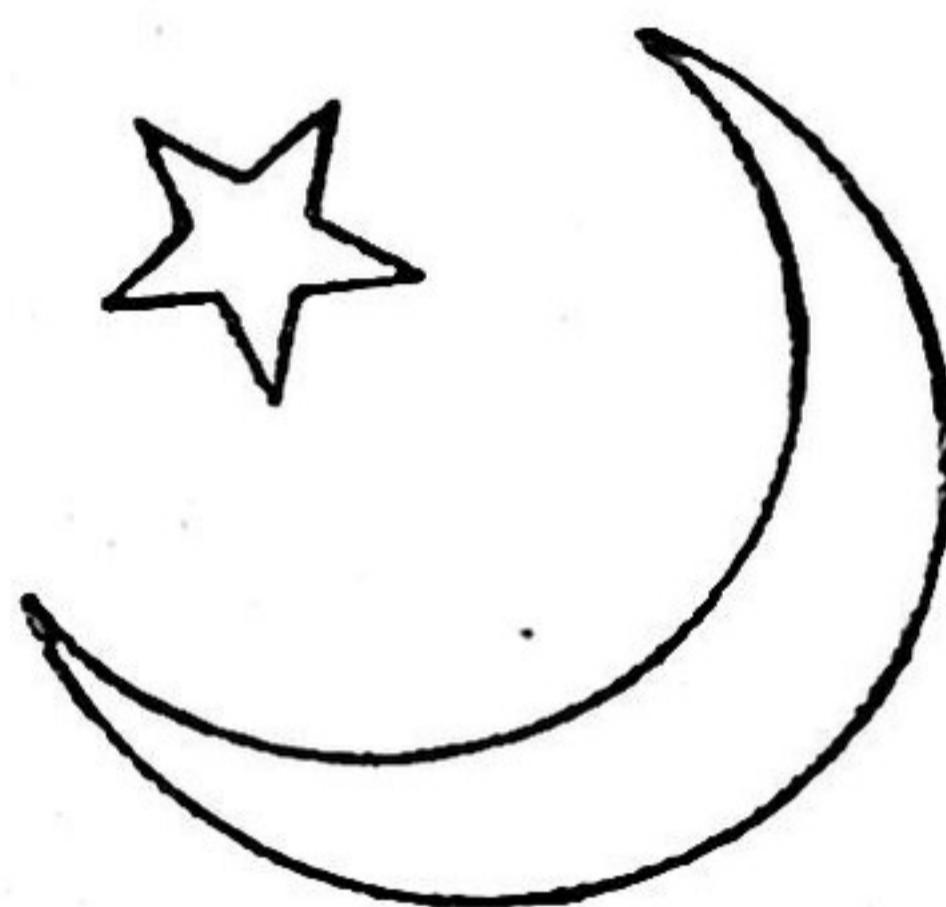
1047. Louis John Simon, Reginald William Simon and Morphy Richards Ltd.—Means for controlling brush pressure in floor scrubbing machines. (16th April 1948).

Characterised by means for varying the tension of the spring and thereby varying the pressure on the brushes.

1051. Imperial Chemical Industries Limited.—Prevention and destruction of weeds. (23rd October 1942).

Preparation comprising esters of beta-naphthoxy acetic acid and a non-solvent diluent.

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PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

KARACHI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1950

PART II—Section 2

Notifications issued by the High Court, the Auditor-General, the Pakistan Public Service Commission, the Pakistan State Railways, and by attached and subordinate offices of the Government of Pakistan.

OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF PAKISTAN

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

No. 1432-GB/7-50.—Mr. Mohd. Amin Chishti, an Officiating Assistant Accounts Officer of the office of the Accountant-General, Punjab, has been reverted as an Accountant in that office with effect from the 1st September 1950.

examination will be informed of the time and place of the examination in due course.

RULES FOR ADMISSION TO THE EXAMINATION

The examination will be conducted by the Pakistan Public Service Commission in accordance with the following rules:—

I. QUALIFICATIONS

PART II—Sec. 1]

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1052. Imperial Chemical Industries Limited.—Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of dichlorophenol. (21st April 1943).

Chlorinating phenol to form dichlorophenol having a maximum setting point.

1054. Imperial Chemical Industries Limited.—Free flowing sodium bicarbonate. (27th February 1948).

Containing sodium bicarbonate and starch.

1067. Kaikhusrō Shawakshaw Talati.—A filter cartridge.

Comprising filter medium, a passage extending from one end of cartridge to central opening, means providing communication between passage and outside of cartridge.

1073. Kaikhusrō Shawakshaw Talati.—A filter element.

Comprising a pair of spirally coiled webs of filter material spaced from each other and with the convolutions spaced providing two spirally arranged spaces.

1080. Horace Fritz Beken.—Improvements in and relating to mixing machines. (28th April 1948).

Comprising two agitators one occupying a stationary position in the machine and the other adapted to be moved bodily round the fixed agitator.

1088. Imperial Chemical Industries Limited.—Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of chlorocresol derivatives. (21st April 1943).

Chlorinating cresol and subsequently reacting with an X-haloalkylcarboxylic acid in presence of a base.

1090. Imperial Chemical Industries Limited.—Chloroaryloxy-alkyl-carboxylic acids and derivatives thereof. (30th August 1943).

Reacting a nuclear chlorinated phenol with an alpha-haloalkylcarboxylic acid in presence of an alkali.

1091. Imperial Chemical Industries Limited.—Improvements in or relating to pest control compositions. (8th September 1943).

Consisting of aliphatic hydrocarbons and at least one isomer of benzene hexachloride.

1108. The Tan-Sad Chair Company (1931) Limited.—Improvements in chairs and the like.

Wherein back pivotally connected to pair of levers pivoted at lower ends on fixed frame, levers pivotally connected to plunger slideable against resilient loading.

1193. Actiengesellschaft Joh, Jacob Rieter and Cie.—Improvements in top drawing-rollers for spinning machines.

Comprising stationary axle having and journals antifriction bearing, sleeve having integral yieldable means, a covering and locking means for sleeve and covering structure.

517. Harold Martin and Ian Griffith Slater.—Improvements in and relating to stud welding. (1st May 1947).

Preparing the stud with flux, forming an arc between the stud and the plate, maintaining the arc for a predetermined time period and then moving the stud into contact with the plate.

518. Harold Martin.—Improvements in and relating to the welding of metal studs and the like to metal plates and the like. (10th November 1942).

Consists in metallizing the ends of the studs with metals or alloys of high electrical conductivity and forming an arc between the stud and the plate to be welded.

668. P. A. M. Limited and Herbert Bruce William Holt.—Improvements in or relating to means for controlling temperatures.

Comprising thermo-sensitive element or thermostat device and valve amplifying means controlling switch of heating device.

698. Gillette Safety Razor Company.—Improvements in blade dispensing magazines.

Including an enclosure having an exit slot bounded by a pair of flanges each being integral with a wall of the enclosure and spaced therefrom by an amount less than the combined thickness of two blades but not less than the thickness of a single blade.

757. Monsanto Chemical Company.—Improvements in or relating to methods of treating textile fibers, and the improved textile fibers resulting therefrom.

Applying to the fibres prior to spinning at some stage a colloidal aqueous solution of

931. Eli Lilly and Company.—Improvements in or relating to the production of penicillin.

A penicillium mold of the notatum-chrysogenum group is grown in a culture medium in the presence of a phenylacetyl compound.

935. Eli Lilly and Company.—Penicillin.

Growing a penicillin mold in a culture medium containing mold-growth-supporting material and a mono-substituted acetic acid.

936. Antonio Vittorio Locatelli.—Means for pressing or forming cavities in blocks, bricks and other moulded articles or parts.

Comprising vertical press, box containing stationery punches inflatable tubes, vertically movable platform operated by fluid pressure, in combination rotary columns carrying moulds.

955. Aladdin Industries Limited, and Hugh Charles Hebard.—Improvements in heating devices. (8th November 1946).

Comprising a casing, heating element disposed centrally of said casing, heating element carried by components of greater area.

961. Albert Godenir and Abram Rupert Neelands.—Improvements in or relating to tamping machines.

Comprising tamping hammer, eccentric device producing oscillating motion, spring connecting hammer with eccentric device, power driving the eccentric.

963. La Modernisation Industrielle.—Apparatus for engraving cylindrical stencils.

Engraved by a tool reciprocated with impulses transmitted electrically from a scanning device.

965. Harry Ralph Pall Mall Ricardo.—Improvements in or relating to internal combustion

Sealing Fees Due

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a Patent should be sealed a request on the prescribed Form No. 8, accompanied by the fee of Rs. 30 should be sent to the Controller of Patents, Block No. 62, Room Nos. 4—9, Karachi.

22. Lamson Paragon Supply Company Limited.
127. Distillation Products Inc.
409. Imperial Chemical Industries Limited.
498. Dan Hedges Brown.
573. Henry Kremer.
575. Henry Kremer.
581. Schweizerische Lokomotiv—Und Maschinenfabrik.
611. The General Electric Company Limited.
648. Imperial Chemical Industries Limited.
671. Imperial Chemical Industries Limited.
678. Imperial Chemical Industries Limited.
680. E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company.
681. E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company.
726. E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company.
727. E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company.
731. E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company.
738. Ransome and Marles Bearing Company Limited and Frederick Osgood Hickling.
739. Ransome and Marles Bearing Company Limited and Frederick Osgood Hickling.

741. The Mond Nickel Company Limited.

756. Boving and Company Limited William Darling and William Kennelly.

795. E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company.

796. E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company.

797. E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company.

798. E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company.

839. Annibale Ezio Guglielmetti.

1616. Ebrahim Haji Jafferbhai (Pakistani).

Renewal Fees Paid

- 23232, 24546, 24634, 25747, 25769, 26937, 26957, 27093, 29080, 29239, 30209, 31583, 31639, 31982, 33008.

Restoration Proceedings

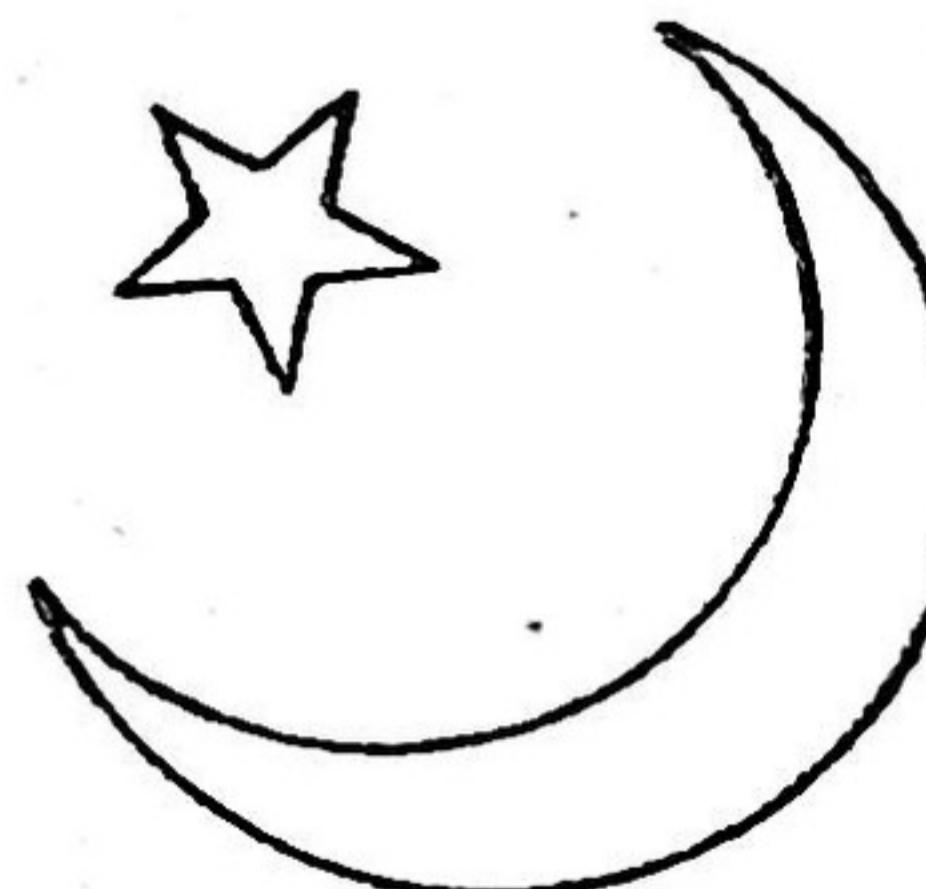
Notice is hereby given that an application has been made under Section 16 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1911, for the restoration of the following patent :—

- No. 25951 in the name of W. and T. Avery Limited, in respect of an invention for "An improved indicating mechanism applicable to weighing, measuring or other apparatus."

An person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving Form 6 of the Patents and Designs Rules, 1933, at the Patent Office, Block No. 62, near Sind Chief Court Building, Karachi-1, on or before the 24th November 1950.

DR. NZEER AHMED,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

The Gazette of Pakistan



PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

KARACHI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1950

PART II—Section 2

Notifications issued by the High Court, the Auditor-General, the Pakistan Public Service Commission, the Pakistan State Railways, and by attached and subordinate offices of the Government of Pakistan.

OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF PAKISTAN

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

No. 1432-GB/7-50.—Mr. Mohd. Amin Chishti, an Officiating Assistant Accounts Officer of the office of the Accountant-General, Punjab, has been reverted as an Accountant in that office with effect from the 1st September 1950.

2. Mr. Mohd. Amin Chishti, an Accountant of the office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has, until further orders, been appointed to officiate as an Assistant Accounts Officer in that office with effect from the 4th September 1950.

Karachi, the 5th October 1950

No. 1456-GB/167-48.—Mr. Ahmad Ali Shah, a Probationer in the Pakistan Audit and Accounts Service, was granted earned leave for 23 days with effect from the 18th February 1950.

Yaqub Shah,
Auditor General of Pakistan.

PAKISTAN PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

NOTICE

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

A combined competitive examination will be held by the Pakistan Public Service Commission with effect from the 15th January 1951 for filling vacancies in the following services:—

- (i) The Pakistan Administrative Service.
- (ii) The Pakistan Foreign Service.
- (iii) The Police Service of Pakistan.
- (iv) The Pakistan Audit and Accounts Service.
- (v) Railway Accounts Service.
- (vi) Military Accounts Department.
- (vii) The Pakistan Customs Service.
- (viii) Income-Tax Officers (Class I, Grade II) Service.
- (ix) Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Department of the Pakistan Railways.
- (x) Military Lands and Cantonments Service.
- (xi) Postal Superintendents Service, Class II.
- (xii) Superintendent, Central Excise Service, Class II.

2. The examination will be held at Karachi, Lahore and Dacca. Candidates accepted for admission to the

examination will be informed of the time and place of the examination in due course.

RULES FOR ADMISSION TO THE EXAMINATION

The examination will be conducted by the Pakistan Public Service Commission in accordance with the following rules:—

I. QUALIFICATIONS

Age Limits

3. (i) A candidate for admission to the combined examination must have attained the age of 21 and must not have attained the age of 25 on the 1st October 1950, i.e., he must have been born not earlier than the 2nd October, 1925 and not later than the 1st October, 1929.

NOTE.—The upper age limit will be reduced to 24 years with effect from the examinations to be held in 1952 and subsequent years.

(ii) The maximum age-limit will be relaxed as follows:—

(a) by three years in the case of Scheduled Castes and candidates belonging to the Tribal Areas of the North-West Frontier and Baluchistan, the Frontier States (Amb, Swat, Dir and Chitral), and Baluch States (Kalat, Las Bela, Kharan and Makran) and Tribal Areas adjoining the Dera Ghazi Khan District of the Punjab;

(b) by two years in the case of candidates belonging to the excluded areas of East Pakistan.

Note 1.—The term "Scheduled Castes" means any of the castes mentioned in the Government of India (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1936, as in force in Pakistan. Candidates will be required to submit a certificate from the District Magistrate in support of their claim.

Note 2.—Only those candidates, who are permanent residents of the Areas mentioned at (a) and (b) above, and whose families have been living in those areas, will be eligible for the concession and in each case a certificate from the Political Agent or the Deputy Commissioner will be required to be produced. Members of Tribes belonging to the Tribal Areas who have settled in the Settled Districts will not be eligible for this concession.

(iii) In the case of the various Accounts Services, a Government servant who is over the age of 25 and under the age of 26 on the 1st October, 1950, and holds substantively a permanent appointment or has been in continuous service for a period of not less than two years in a Department or office under the control of any of the authorities mentioned in column 1 below

may be admitted to the examination for the corresponding service mentioned in column 2, if he|she is recommended by the Head of his|her Department:—

Auditor General of Pakistan.

Financial Adviser (Military-Financial).

Financial Adviser (Communications).

A Collector of Customs.

Pakistan Audit and Accounts Service.

Military Accounts Department.

Railway Accounts Service.

Customs Service.

(iv) In the case of the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service, any persons in Government Service who is over the age of 25 and under the age of 26 on the 1st October, 1950, and holds substantively a permanent appointment in the subordinate or ministerial staff subject to the administrative control of a Post-Master General or the Director of Posts and Telegraphs, Sind and Baluchistan Circles, except staff of the Telegraphs Engineering, Traffic and Wireless Branches, may be admitted to the examination if he|she is recommended by the Director-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

Note.— Except as prescribed in clause 3 (ii), (iii) and (iv) above, on relaxation of the age limits prescribed in clause 3 (i) above shall be permitted.

Education

4. A candidate must hold a degree in any faculty of one of the Universities specified in Appendix I to the Rules.

Nationality and Domicile

5. Save as provided in item (f) below, a candidate for any of the Services mentioned in the rules, must be a male and

- (a) a permanent resident of the territories now forming part of Pakistan; or
- (b) who was formerly domiciled in those parts of the partitioned Provinces of the Punjab or Bengal or the District of Sylhet which now form part of the Indian Dominion, but is now permanent resident of Pakistan; or
- (c) who has acquired Pakistan domicile in the terms of the Indian Succession Act, 1925; or
- (d) who is a Ruler or a subject of a Pakistan State or who is a native of a Tribal Area or a territory adjacent to Pakistan; or
- (e) who is a British subject of non-Pakistan domicile, in whose favour a certificate of eligibility has been issued by the Government of Pakistan;
- (f) for the Pakistan Audit and Accounts Service, Pakistan Railway Accounts Service, Military Accounts Department, Income-Tax Officers (Class I, Grade II) Service, and the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service, a woman candidate, who fulfils any of the conditions laid down in items (a) to (e) above, is also eligible, provided she is unmarried or a widow without encumbrances. If selected, she will be appointed on the express condition that she must resign the service on marriage or re-marriage.

Note.— The procedure for acquiring Pakistan domicile and for obtaining a Certificate of Eligibility is detailed in the "Instructions" which have been published separately and a copy of which will be supplied to each candidate, with the application form, by the Commission.

General

6. (i) A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his or her duties as an officer of the Service. A candidate who fails the medical examination as Government or the

appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe), is found not to satisfy these requirements will not be appointed. Only candidates who are likely to be considered for appointment will be medically examined.*

(ii) A candidate must satisfy the Pakistan Public Service Commission that he|she is suitable in all respects for employment under the Government.

(iii) No candidate will be admitted to the examination who does not hold a certificate of admission from the Commission.

(iv) The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final.

(v) Any attempt on the part of a candidate to influence the Commission or obtain support for his|her candidature by any means, giving false information knowingly or tampering with the age and Educational Certificates, will forthwith disqualify him|her from this and|or subsequent examinations and he|she may be debarred from future employment under the Government.

II. SUBMISSION OF APPLICATIONS

7. (i) A candidate may apply for appointment to all or any of the Services mentioned. If he|she wishes to be admitted as a candidate for more than one Service, he|she need send in only one application. He|she will be required to pay the prescribed fees once only and will not be required to pay separate fees for each of the Services for which he|she applies.

(ii) A candidate seeking admission to the examination must apply to the Pakistan Public Service Commission, Karachi, on the prescribed form of application, which must reach the Commission on or before the 15th November, 1950. No application received after that date will be considered.

(iii) All Government servants, who fulfil the conditions laid down in the rules are eligible for admission to the examination if permitted to compete by their Departments or Offices. They must submit their applications to the Commission through their Departments or Offices. Candidates who join Government Service after submitting their applications for admission to the examination should also submit the Departmental permission immediately thereafter.

(iv) No candidate will be allowed to take the Central Superior Services Examination more than twice.

(v) No allegation that an application form, or a letter respecting such form, has been lost or delayed in the post will be considered unless the person making such allegation produces a post office registration receipt or certificate of posting. Candidates who delay their applications or request for forms until a late date will do so at their own risk. In all correspondence with the Pakistan Public Service Commission, candidates should clearly state the name of the examination for which they are applicants.

III. SUBJECTS OF EXAMINATION

8. The subjects for the examination will be as laid down in Appendix II.

IV. FEES

9. Candidates must pay the fees prescribed in Appendix III. No claim for a refund of any of these fees will be entertained except to the extent stated in the Appendix, nor can they be held in reserve for any other examination or selection.

*In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a Government medical officer of the standing of a Civil Surgeon before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the medical test to which candidates will be submitted before appointment and of the standards required can be had from the Commission.

V. VACANCIES

10. (i) The number of vacancies proposed to be filled in each service on the results of the examination is as follows :—

1. Pakistan Administrative Service	.. 15
2. Pakistan Foreign Service	.. 4
3. Police Service of Pakistan	.. 20
4. Pakistan Audit and Accounts Service	.. 3
5. Pakistan Railway Accounts Service	.. 2
6. Military Accounts Department	.. 2
7. Pakistan Customs Service	.. 1
8. Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Department of State Railways	.. 3
9. Military Lands & Cantonments Service	.. 4
10. Postal Superintendents' Service	.. 3
	—
	57

(ii) Government reserve the right to fill a lesser number of vacancies than announced. The number of vacancies for the Income-Tax Officers Service, and Superintendents, Central Excise, if any, will be announced later.

VI. APPOINTMENTS

11. Candidates securing the highest places on the results of the examination and eligible for appointment to the Pakistan Administrative or the Foreign Service, as the case may be, will, subject to any preferences that may have been expressed by them, be appointed to those Services, up to the number of vacancies available. Thereafter, candidates will be appointed in order of merit to the vacancies in the other Services for which they may be eligible. Due consideration will be given to the preferences expressed by a candidate at the time of application, but the Government of Pakistan reserves the right to assign him/her to any Service for which he or she is a candidate.

Success in the examination confers no right to appointment, unless Government are satisfied, after such enquiry as may be necessary, that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the Public Service.

APPENDICES TO THE RULES

APPENDIX I

LIST OF APPROVED UNIVERSITIES

Pakistan and India

Any University incorporated by an Act of the Central or of a Provincial Legislature in Pakistan and India ; and also—

Osmania University.

The University of Mysore.

The University of Travancore.

Jamia Millia Islamia, Delhi.

Burma

The University of Rangoon.

England and Wales

The Universities of Birmingham, Bristol, Cambridge, Durham, Leeds, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Oxford, Reading, Sheffield and Wales.

Scotland

The Universities of Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Glasgow and St. Andrews.

Ireland (Eire)

The University of Dublin (Trinity College).

The Queen's University, Belfast.

APPENDIX

SUBJECTS FOR THE

The examination will include each subject will carry the

(A) Compulsory—

- (1) English Essay
- (2) English
- (3) General Knowledge { Every Curre

(B) Optional—

- (4) Pure Mathematics
- (5) Applied Mathematics
- (6) Statistics
- (7) Advanced Accountancy and Physics
- (8) Physics
- (9) Prime Movers
- (10) Applied Mechanics
- (11) Geology
- (12) Geography
- (13) Chemistry
- (14) Botany
- (15) Zoology
- (16) Physiology
- (17) Islamic Studies
- (18) History of Pakistan and Ind
- (19) British History ..
- (20) Modern European History
- (21) English Literature
- (22) Urdu Language and Literatu Language and Literature
- (23) One of the following Langu Arabic, Persian, Turkish, Sari German, Russian, Burn Japanese, Spanish ..

Note.—Candidate will be examined in literature related to the language o

- (24) Philosophy
- (25) Psychology (including Exper
- (26) Political Science
- (27) General Economics ..
- (28) Law
- (29) Mercantile Law
- (30) International Law ..
- (31) International Relations ..
- (32) Agriculture

(a) The marks for Arak reduced to 100 each ed together with "I

(b) The marks for Persia shall be reduced to

(c) If Philosophy and Nos. 24 and 25) are subject will be assig of 200.

(d) No candidate will be than two of the three History of Pakistan a and Modern Europe Nos. 18, 19 and 20).

(e) There will be two p subject. The total r papers in each subje the maximum marks

(f) Candidates must sele Optional subjects, can exceeds 600 marks, 1 cate the subject which so that the total does

2. The Commission have discretion to fix qualifying marks in any or all of the subjects of the examination.

3. The Commission will summon all candidates (or, at their discretion, only those candidates who qualify at the written examination) for a *Viva Voce* test at which a maximum of 300 marks will be awarded. A candidate who fails to secure at least 100 marks at the *Viva Voce* test will be considered to have failed in the examination and will not be eligible for appointment.

4. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject, such deductions will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to ensure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge. Candidates who obtain less than 15% of the marks in any subject will not be given any credit in that subject.

5. If a candidate's handwriting is not easily legible, a deduction will be made on this account from the total marks otherwise accruing to him.

6. Credit will be given for good English, including orderly, effective, and exact expression, combined with due economy of words in all subjects of the examination.

Note.—A detailed syllabus has been printed separately as Annexure to this Appendix, a copy of which will be supplied to each candidate by the Commission.

APPENDIX III

FEES

CANDIDATES MUST PAY THE FOLLOWING FEES :—

A. To the Pakistan Public Service Commission—

A consolidated application and examination fee of Rs. 50 (Rs. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ /- in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes or the Tribal and excluded areas of East and West Pakistan) with the application. (The procedure for the payment of this fee is given in the "Instructions to Candidates", which has been printed separately and a copy of which will be supplied to each candidate by the Commission).

2. No claim for a refund of these fees will be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for any other examination or selection. A refund of Rs. 45 (Rs. 11 $\frac{1}{4}$ /- in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes or the Tribal and excluded areas of East and West Pakistan), will, however, be allowed to a candidate who has paid the consolidated fee of Rs. 50 (Rs. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ /- in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes or the Tribal and excluded areas of East and West Pakistan) but who is not admitted to the examination by the Commission.

B. To the Medical Board—

3. Rs. 16 before examination by a Medical Board in the case of successful candidates. Candidates are required to pay their medical fee in cash to the Medical Board concerned at the time of their medical examination.

APPENDIX IV

RECRUITMENT POLICY FOR CENTRAL SUPERIOR SERVICES

Vacancies in Central Superior Services up to 20% will be reserved for recruitment on the basis of merit, and the remaining vacancies will be distributed over the provinces as provided in paras. 2 and 3 below.

2. In order to secure fair representation for the provinces of Pakistan, the 80 per cent. of all vacancies will be distributed in the case of the Pakistan Administrative Service among candidates from the Provinces in the ratio of the respective Provincial cadre strengths. In the case of the Police Service of Pakistan the number of vacancies in respect of each Province will be determined by the Provincial Government concerned.

3. In regard to other Central Superior Services, 80% of all vacancies will be shared as follows among candidates of different provinces of Pakistan :—

East Pakistan	40%
West Punjab and Bahawalpur States	23%
Sind, North-West Frontier Province, Tribal Areas and Baluchistan	15%
Karachi	2%

4. Reservation for the Scheduled Castes is made at the rate of 6 per cent.

This reservation will count as part of the Provincial allotment and will be reckoned against the quota of the Province of origin of the Scheduled Castes candidates concerned.

5. All Pakistan Superior Services such as the Pakistan Administrative Service, etc., will have a single central cadre to supply the needs of both the Centre and the Provinces.

Recruitment to the Police Service of Pakistan will be made by the Central Government through the Pakistan Public Service Commission on an all Pakistan basis but the cadres of this service will be on Provincial basis and an officer once allotted to a province will be required to serve in that province.

6. All officers of the Central Superior Services will be required to know Urdu. In addition to Urdu, all officers of the Pakistan Administrative Service and the Police Service of Pakistan will be required to know Bengali.

Those who have not studied Urdu at school or who have otherwise no acquaintance with the language shall be required to know Urdu only by a spoken standard and shall be given a bonus of Rs. 250 on passing a written test within two years of confirmation.

Those who have not studied Bengali at school or who are otherwise unacquainted with the language shall be given a bonus of Rs. 250 on passing a test in written Bengali within two years of their confirmation in the Pakistan Administrative Service or the Pakistan Police Service as the case may be.

7. Officers of the Pakistan Administrative Service will be given training in both East and West Pakistan and will be required to spend at least six months of their training period in that part of Pakistan to which they do not belong.

8. If any vacancies reserved in the terms of paras. 1—5 above cannot be filled by reason of the failure of candidates to pass the qualifying standard, such vacancies will be filled on pure merit from among candidates who pass that standard.

F. E. QURAISHI,
Officer on Special Duty.

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

Applications invited for the undermentioned posts. Special concessions in age and application fee allowed for Scheduled Castes and candidates belonging to the Tribal Areas of North-West Frontier and Baluchistan, the Frontier State, Baluch States, Tribal Areas adjoining the Dera Ghazi Khan District of the Punjab and Excluded Areas of East Pakistan, as given in the prescribed application form. Pay scale subject to revision on Pakistan Pay Commission's recommendations. Application forms available from Secretary, Pakistan Public Service Commission, Karachi and Superintendent, Pakistan Public Service Commission, Dacca Branch, Dacca. Applications on prescribed forms must be accompanied by Treasury receipt for Rs. 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ /- (Rs. 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ /- for Scheduled Castes and candidates belonging to the areas mentioned above) and attested copies of age and educational qualifications certificates. Government servants and employees of States acceded to Pakistan must apply through proper channel. Separate applications with separate fee required in each case. Money Order and Cheques not accepted. Candidates from outside Pakistan may,

however, remit application fee by money order and apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. Application fee will not be refunded in any case. For establishing identity of candidates a recent photograph if attached to the application will be much appreciated. Requests for supply of application forms must be accompanied by a STAMPED AND SELF ADDRESSED envelope. Applications in duplicate must reach Secretary, Pakistan Public Service Commission, Ingle Road, Karachi by 1st November, 1950. The Commission may relax the conditions mentioned if a candidate otherwise possessing special qualifications for the post is available.

No. F. 4|13|50-R. (1).—(a) Three posts of Trade Commissioners, (b) Five posts of Deputy Trade Commissioners, and (c) One post of Deputy Director in the Trade Department abroad. Two posts of Trade Commissioners and three posts of Deputy Trade Commissioners reserved for candidates from East Bengal. Appointments temporary likely to be for a period of five years in the first instance. The incumbents of these posts will be interchangeable with other officers of their rank and will be liable to posting to other trade posts of equivalent status anywhere in the world. *Pay* :—For (a) Rs. 800—50—1,000—60—1,300—50—1,800. For (b) Rs. 350—400—450—450—500—540—30—690—EB—30—870—40—950. For two posts the scale ends at Rs. 500 for the present. For (c) Rs. 750—35—925. In all cases initial salary to be fixed according to qualifications, experience, previous pay, etc. *Allowances* :—(i) *Foreign Allowances* :—Rates to be fixed according to local conditions prevailing in the countries and places where the officers may be posted. (ii) *House Rent Allowances* :—Free furnished accommodation of appropriate scale to be determined by Government or rent approved by Government for suitable accommodation. (iii) *Out-fit Allowance* :—Rs. 2,500 if married and accompanied by wife, otherwise Rs. 1,250 on first appointment abroad provided that similar allowance has not already been received from Government by the officer. (iv) *Travelling Allowance* :—For official tours, in accordance with Foreign Service Travelling Allowance Rules. (v) *Conveyance Allowance* : Will be admissible for some posts until a staff car is provided in accordance with the usual rules. *Qualifications* :—(i) Degree of a recognised University, relaxable in case of candidates with long experience in business and knowledge of problems concerning trade and commerce. (ii) Previous experience of Government service, Civil-gazetted rank or Military Commissioned rank or of a responsible post in a commercial concern of repute, or equivalent service. For (a) such experience should be at least of five years. (iii) Other things being equal knowledge of foreign European or an Asiatic Language will be an additional qualification. Before appointment the officers selected will be placed under training for a period ranging from 2 to 6 months in Pakistan and/or abroad and thereafter will be on probation for an initial period of one year which will be liable to extension. The pay for this period will be fixed according to the qualifications, experience, etc. On joining appointment abroad, the officers, if not permanent Government servants, will be required to execute an agreement of service with Government covering the various terms of their appointments. *Age* :—For (a) 35 to 45 years. For (b) and (c) 27 to 37 years. Age limits relaxable in suitable cases.

No. F. 4|67|50-R (2).—(a) Maintenance Engineer and (b) Chemist and Metallurgist for the Steel and General Mills, North Western Railway, Moghalpura. Posts temporary with prospects of permanency. *Place of Duty* :—North Western Railway or on any other Railway or project in or out of Pakistan. Women ineligible. *Pay* :—For direct recruitments Rs. 750, Rs. 850 or Rs. 950 fixed. For persons in continuous employ since 15th July 1931 :—Rs. 550—50—1,300 the pay prescribed for the 24th year of service for the Traffic (Transportation) and Commercial Department. *Qualifications* :—For (a) (i) Must be well

versed in the manufacture of rolls for steel rolling Mills. (This qualification is essential and takes precedence over any other qualifications.) (ii) Must have served an apprenticeship either an Electrical or a Mechanical Engineer for 5/7 years. (iii) Must have had a minimum of 15 years subsequent experience in the maintenance of electric steel smelting furnaces and rolling mills. (iv) Should be a good disciplinarian of sober habits and capable of maintaining an electric furnace steel smelting shop, rolling mills, machine shop and other ancillary plant and equipment. For (b) (i) Degree in Metallurgy from a recognised University or its equivalent, *viz.*, A.R.S.M. Associate in Metallurgy (Sheffield University, etc.). (ii) Two years' experience in a post of responsibility in a recognised laboratory. (iii) Be capable of carrying out and supervising chemical tests of ferrous metals, brass, bronze, white metals and other alloys, oils and greases, coal and fuels, paints and varnishes, waters, wheat and other foodstuffs and miscellaneous items such as soaps, etc., as also physical tests tensile, bend, brinell, izod, compression, transverse and deflection. (iv) Must also have a good knowledge of modern foundry practice and be capable of recommending improvements and supervising aluminium, bronze, cast iron and steel foundry technique. Must be fully familiar with present day specifications. *Maximum age* :—45 years.

No. F. 4|101|50-R. (3).—Assistant Director, Textiles (Technical-Handloom), Ministry of Industries, Government of Pakistan. Post temporary but likely to be made permanent. *Place of duty* :—Anywhere in Pakistan. *Pay* :—Rs. 450—30—750. *Qualifications* :—(i) Textile Diploma from a recognised Institute. (ii) At least five years post-diploma training in the Weaving Department of a regular Mill. (iii) Should have worked in Handloom factories or have been associated with state sponsored Handloom development for at least a period of 10 years. (iv) Inspection and testing experience will be an additional qualification. Qualification (i) will be relaxed for candidates engaged in the Handloom Industry in a managerial capacity for a period of at least 15 years. The minimum academic qualifications in such cases will be relaxed to the matriculation Standard. *Age* :—30 to 35 years relaxable in special cases.

No. F. 4|104|50-R. (4).—Deputy Co-operation and Marketing Adviser, Government of Pakistan. Post temporary but likely to be made permanent. *Place of duty* :—Karachi or anywhere in Pakistan. *Pay* :—Rs. 600—40—920—960—1,000—1,000—1,050—50/2—1,150 plus a special pay of Rs. 150 P.M. Higher starting salary in the scale admissible in special cases. *Qualifications* :—(i) Post-graduate degree in Economics or Commerce, or a degree in Agriculture or Veterinary Science with post-graduate qualifications of a recognised University. (ii) At least ten years administrative experience either in a Government Department or, a large commercial organisation. (iii) Ability to write reports and notes on economic and marketing subjects. Foreign qualifications, research work and/or knowledge of statistics and co-operation will be additional qualification. *Maximum age* :—About 45 years.

No. F. 4|106|50-R. (5).—Permanent post of Senior Lecturer in Philosophy, for the Central Government College for Women, Karachi. Both men and women are eligible for the post, but in the case of man appointment will be on contract for five years in the first instance which later on may be made on a permanent basis at the discretion of the Central Government. *Pay* :—Rs. 250—20—410—EB—20—550. *Qualifications* :—(i) High academic qualifications preferably from foreign Universities. (ii) Adequate teaching experience in a degree college. *Age* :—For women: Not more than 40 years; relaxable under special circumstances. For men: Not less than 35 years.

Karachi, the 6th October 1950

Applications invited for the undermentioned posts. Special concessions in age and application fee allowed for Scheduled Castes and candidates belonging to the Tribal Areas of North-West Frontier and Baluchistan, the Frontier States, Baluch States, Tribal Areas adjoining the Dera Ghazi Khan District of the Punjab and Excluded Areas of East Pakistan, as given in the prescribed application form. Pay scale subject to revision on Pakistan Pay Commission's recommendations. Application forms available from Secretary, Pakistan Public Service Commission, Karachi and Superintendent Pakistan Public Service Commission, Dacca Branch, Dacca. Applications on prescribed forms must be accompanied by Treasury receipt for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Castes and candidates belonging to the areas mentioned above) and attested copies of age and educational qualifications certificates. Government servants and employees of States acceded to Pakistan must apply through proper channel. Separate applications with separate fee required in each case. Candidates from outside Pakistan may remit application fee by money order and apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. Requests for supply of application forms must be accompanied by a STAMPED AND SELF ADDRESSED ENVELOPE. Applications in duplicate must reach Secretary, Pakistan Public Service Commission, Ingle Road, Karachi by the 24th October, 1950. The Commission may relax the conditions mentioned if a candidate otherwise possessing special qualifications for the post is available.

No. F. 4112/50-R.—(a) Director of Public Relations. (b) Deputy Director of Public Relations. (c) Four Information Officers. (d) Six Assistant Information Officers, in the Directorate of Public Relations, Ministry of Kashmir Affairs, Government of Pakistan. Posts sanctioned upto end of February, 1951, but likely to be extended. Place of duty :—For all posts at Rawalpindi, except one Information Officer will be on duty at Lahore. Pay :—For (a) Rs. 1,300—60—1,600. (b) Rs. 1,100—50—1,300, (c) Rs. 700—50—1,000, (d) Rs. 400—20—500—E.B.—25—600. Age :—For (a) and (b) 35 to 52 years, (c) and (d) 25 to 40 years. Age limit relaxable for Government servants. Qualifications :—For (a) and (b) :—(i) High Academic and literary qualifications. (ii) Experience of journalism and Public Relations, a good knowledge of the social and economic problems of the world, in general, and of Pakistan and Kashmir, in particular, and capacity of projecting publicity to foreign countries. (iii) Administrative experience. For (c) :—(i) A good University degree and knowledge of English and Urdu (ii) Journalistic experience (iii) Capacity to produce news stories, press notes, feature articles, background material, pamphlets, etc. (iv) Some administrative experience would be an additional qualification. For (d) :—(i) A good knowledge of English and Urdu. (ii) Some journalistic experience. (iii) Ability to produce news stories, articles etc. (iv) Some experience of research work would be and addtional qualification.

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. F. 4116/50-R.—Applications invited from qualified pilots for selection of two candidates for undergoing training as Pilot Instructors abroad at Government expense. Candidates must be nationals of Pakistan or of States which have acceded to Pakistan. Duties :—Employment with flying clubs in Pakistan (private bodies subsidesed by Government) as Pilot Instructors. Candidates will have to sign in Bond to serve the Government of Pakistan or a Flying Club in Pakistan for a minimum period of two years if called upon to do so. Qualifications :—Minimum education standard Matriculation but preference will be given to Science graduates, (ii) Current Pilot 'B' licence with a minimum of 500 hours flying as com-pter of aircraft. A candidate holding an A-1

licence but with over 1,000 hours flying experience will also be considered, (iii) Candidates should possess a good personality, organising capacity, initiative and the capacity to command, (iv) Sound knowledge of meteorology, air navigation legislation with ability to lecture on any of these subjects. Age :—Not more than 35 years. Selected candidates will have to produce a medical certificate of fitness issued by the Royal Pakistan Air Force Medical authorities. Application forms obtainable from Secretary, Pakistan Public Service Commission, Karachi and Superintendent, Pakistan Public Service Commission, Dacca Branch, Dacca on requests accompanied by a STAMPED AND SELF ADDRESSED ENVELOPE. Government servants and employees of States acceded to Pakistan must apply through proper channel. Applications on the prescribed forms in duplicate accompanied by a Treasury Receipt of Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled castes and candidates belonging to Tribal areas) as application fee—not refundable in any case—a recent photograph and—attested copies of certificates relating to age, educational qualifications, and province of domicile must reach Secretary, Pakistan Public Service Commission, Ingle Road, Karachi, by 30th October 1950.

SARDAR AHMED, Asstt. Secy.

PAKISTAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT

Office of the Director General, Posts and Telegraphs
Karachi, the 3rd October 1950

No. Pak. S. 57-1/48.—Mr. R. Lobo, an officer of the Telegraph Traffic Service, Class II, grade II, who was on leave preparatory to retirement since 8th June 1948, has been permitted to retire from service with effect from the 8th October 1950 on a retiring pension.

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. S. 6-3/50.—Khan Sahib Mufti Abdul Hamid, Postmaster, Grade 'A', and Officiating Postmaster, Lahore, is permitted to retire on superannuation pension with effect from the 15th December 1950.

Karachi, the 10th October 1950

No. S. 6-2/50.—The following officers who were already permanent in the cadre of Postmasters Grade 'A' in prepartitioned India, are confirmed in that Grade with effect from the 15th August, 1947 :—

1. K. S. M. Abdul Hamid.

2. Mr. Bashir Ahmed.

3. Mr. Abdus Sami Khan.

4. Mr. Ghulam Nabi Aziz.

2. The following officers are also confirmed as Postmasters Grade 'A' with effect from the date noted against each :—

1. Mr. E. H. Rizvi, 20th August 1949 vice Mr. Bashir Ahmed confirmed as Selection Grade Postmaster (Class II).

2. Mr. Habibur-Rahman Khan, 16th December 1949 vice Mr. Abdus Sami Khan confirmed as Selection Grade Postmaster (Class II).

No. S. 127-2/50.—Mr. Ghulam Murtaza, officiating Assistant Postmaster General, Lahore, is permitted to retire on superannuation pension with effect from the 15th December, 1950, the date on which the six months extension of service granted to him under the Ministry of Communications (Communications and Transport Division) Memo. No. S. 127-2/50, dated the 11th July, 1950 will expire.

The leave on average pay for 4 months applied for by Mr. Ghulam Murtaza in February, 1950 and which was refused by the Government, in the interest of public service under F. R. 86 (a) is granted to him with effect from the same date, viz., 15th December, 1950.

S. A. SIDDIQI, Lt.-Col.,
Director-General

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INCOME-TAX, KARACHI, SIND AND BALUCHISTAN

ORDERS

Karachi, the 26th September 1950

No. E-3/50.—The services of Mr. A. A. Kazi, Income-Tax Officer, Karachi Circle, Section IV, are placed with effect from 19th September 1950 afternoon and until further orders at the disposal of the Central Board of Revenue for employment as the departmental representative with the Income-Tax Appellate Tribunal.

Mr. Mohd. Hussain, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Income-Tax, Karachi, is appointed with effect from 19th September 1950 afternoon and until further orders as Income-Tax Officer, Karachi Circle, Section IV vice Mr. A. A. Kazi in addition to his own duties as Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Income-Tax, Karachi.

Karachi, the 30th September 1950

No. E-3/50.—Mr. Aziz Ullah, Income-Tax Officer, 'G' Division, Karachi, is appointed to officiate with effect from 3rd October 1950 forenoon and until further orders as Income-Tax Officer, Karachi Circle, Section III, Karachi, relieving Mr. Hamid Ali. Mr. Aziz Ullah will in addition continue to hold charge until further orders of the post of Income-Tax Officer, 'G' Division, Karachi.

2. On relief by Mr. Aziz Ullah, Mr. Hamid Ali, Income-Tax Officer, Karachi Circle, Section III, is appointed with effect from 3rd October 1950 forenoon until further orders as Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Income-Tax relieving Mr. Mohd. Hussain.

3. On relief by Mr. Hamid Ali, Mr. Mohd. Hussain, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Income-Tax, is appointed with effect from 3rd October 1950 and until further orders as Income-Tax Officer, Companies Circle I, Karachi, relieving Mr. Dilshad Nabi.

4. On relief by Mr. Mohd. Hussain, Mr. Dilshad Nabi, Income-Tax Officer, Companies Circle I, Karachi, is appointed with effect from 3rd October 1950 forenoon and until further orders as Income-Tax Officer, Karachi Circle, Section IV, relieving Mr. Mohd. Hussain of his additional charge of the post of Income-Tax Officer, Karachi Circle, Section IV, Karachi.

M. AMEEN,
Commissioner of Income-Tax,
Karachi, Sind and Baluchistan.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF SALES TAX, KARACHI, SIND AND BALUCHISTAN

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

No. P. F-26/G/50.—Mr. Mohd. Kaim A. Siddiqi, Senior Inspecting Officer for Sales Tax, Karachi Range, Karachi, is granted earned leave for 15 days with effect from 9th October 1950 to 23rd October 1950 (both days inclusive) with permission to prefix Sunday the 8th October 1950.

M. AMEEN,
Commissioner of Sales Tax,
Karachi, Sind and Baluchistan.

OFFICE OF THE MILITARY ACCOUNTANT GENERAL

Rawalpindi, the 28th September 1950

No. AN/218.—The undermentioned officiating Deputy Assistant Controllers of Military Accounts are appointed as Deputy Assistant Controllers of Military

Accounts "Temporary" with effect from 1st September 1950 (forenoon) until further orders:—

Name	Office where now employed
1 Mr. S. Abdul Aziz	Field Controller of Military Accounts (O.Rs.) Lahore.
2 Mr. M. M. Ansari	Controller of Military Accounts, Lahore.
3 Mr. Abdul Rashid Khan	Controller of Accounts, Air Forces, Lahore.
4 Mr. Khurshid Ahmad	Controller of Military Accounts, Rawalpindi.
5 Mr. Ghulam Rabani	Controller of Military Accounts, Rawalpindi.
6 Mr. Nafisud Din Ahmad	Controller of Military Accounts, Rawalpindi.
7 Mr. Ghulam Mohd.	Controller of Military Accounts (O.C.H.) Rawalpindi.

No. AN/PC/74.—Mr. Abdul Hamid Adam, D. A. C. M. A. (Temporary), employed in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, Rawalpindi, has been granted extension of furlough on full average salary on M. C. from 5th August 1950 to 1st September 1950 (both days inclusive) in continuation of the leave furlough granted to him, *vide* notification No. AN/PC/74, dated 7th July 1950 in Part II, Section 2, of the *Gazette of Pakistan*, dated 21st July 1950.

No. AN/PC/106.—1. Mr. Mohd. Anas Faruqi, a directly recruited D. A. C. M. A. (Temporary) while employed in the office of the Junior C. M. A., Lahore Cantonment was granted leave as under:—

Period	Nature
11th August, 1949 to 9th September, 1949	.. E. L.
10th September, 1949	.. E. O. L.

2. Gazette Notification No. AN/PC/106, dated 7th January 1950 published in Part II, Section 2, of the *Gazette of Pakistan* dated January, 20, 1950, is cancelled.

S. A. SIDDIQI,
Military Accountant General (Pakistan).

CIVIL AVIATION DEPARTMENT

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. E1-25/50.—The undermentioned officers were appointed temporary Assistant Aerodrome Officers in the Civil Aviation Department with effect from the dates shown against their names and posted at Karachi Airport:—

S. No.	Name	Date of Appointment
1	Mr. Arif Rahim	12-4-50
2	Mr. S. Asghar Ali	11-4-50
3	Mr. Kazi Aqiluddin Ahmad	11-4-50
4	Mr. Hussain Hadi	11-4-50

No. E1-87/48.—Mr. Asmat Ali, Officiating Assistant Aerodrome Officer, assumed charge of his duties in the office of the Airport Manager, Dacca, on the forenoon of the 26th September 1950 on transfer from Karachi to Dacca.

MAURICE BANKS,
Director General of Civil Aviation.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF PAKISTAN

Quetta, the 5th October 1950

No. 6049/400.—Mr. A. H. Kidwai, an Assistant Geologist, Geological Survey of Pakistan, Quetta, was granted earned leave for 22 days, with effect from the 5th July 1950.

H. CROOKSHANK,
Director, Geological Survey of Pakistan.

INTELLIGENCE BUREAU

Karachi, the 5th October 1950

No. 1/C47(61).—On return from leave, Mr. Chaman Khan, Tehsildar in the office of the Deputy Director, Intelligence, Peshawar, resumed charge of his duties with effect from the forenoon of September 16th 1950.

M. A. ZAFAR,
Deputy Director (E).

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY AND DEVELOPMENT

(Administration Wing)

Karachi, the 5th October 1950

No. E-1 715 (1)-47.—Mr. S. A. Hakim, Director, Department of Supply and Development, Lahore, has been granted earned leave for 27 days with effect from 4th September 1950 to 30th September 1950 with permission to prefix and affix to the leave Sundays, the

3rd September 1950 and 1st October 1950, respectively.

H. KHAN,
for Director General, Supply and Development.

SURVEY OF PAKISTAN

Surveyor General's Office

Karachi-4, the 5th October 1950

No. 1059-Est/52-D-1.—Mr. M. Sharif, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of Pakistan, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the post of Officer-in-Charge, No. 3 Party, Survey of Pakistan, with effect from the afternoon of 29th September 1950 *vide* Mr. S. Q. Hasan. While so employed Mr. M. Sharif will draw a Special Pay @ 10% of his substantive pay. [Authority: Letter No. F. 11-23/50-FIS, dated 29th September 1950 from the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Agriculture Division) Government of Pakistan.]

A. R. QURAISHI,
for Surveyor General of Pakistan.

REGISTERED No. S. 1037

The Gazette of Pakistan

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

KARACHI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1950

PART II—Section 3

Miscellaneous Notifications, i.e., those not included in Sections 1 and 2 of Part II

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE
(Agriculture Division)

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

"ALL PAKISTAN" FOURTH FORECAST OF
WHEAT CROP FOR THE YEAR 1949-50

No. F. 4-25|Stat|49-50.—*Area.*—The fourth forecast of the area under wheat crop for the year 1949-50 is 10,591,000 acres as against 10,561,000 acres of the previous year and shows a small increase of 0.3 per cent.

With the exception of Sind and Khairpur State there was a small increase in the acreage of this crop throughout Pakistan.

Yield:—

The estimated yield of the crop is 3,920,000 tons as against 3,987,000 tons of the previous year and shows a decrease of 1.7 per cent. The decrease occurred largely in Sind, Bahawalpur State and Baluchistan, and is attributed to unfavourable weather conditions.

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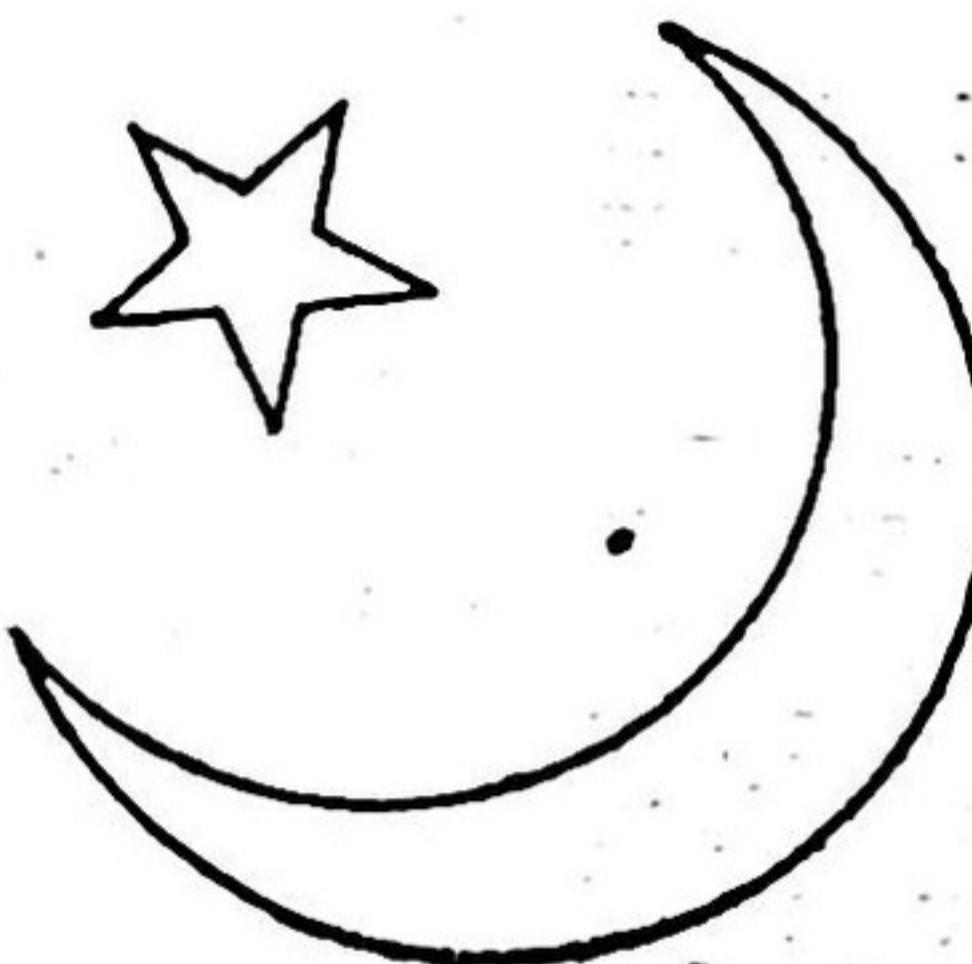
The Province/State-wise Statement showing the area and yield of this crop is given below:—
“All Pakistan” Fourth Forecast of Wheat Crop for the year of 1949-50

Provinces/States	Area in '000 'Acres		Increase (+) Decrease (—) in per cent.	Yield in '000 'Tons		Increase (+) Decrease (—) in per cent.
	1949-50 (Fourth Forecast)	1948-49 (Fourth Forecast)		1949-50 (Fourth Forecast)	1948-49 (Fourth Forecast)	
PROVINCES						
Baluchistan	..	263	257*	(+) 2.3	50	55* (—) 9.1
East Bengal	..	96	95	(+) 1.1	23	19 (+) 21.1
N.-W. F. Province	..	1,087	1,030	(+) 5.5	284	263 (+) 8.0
Punjab	..	7,071	7,058	(+) 0.2	3,036	3,002 (+) 1.1
Sind.	..	1,235	1,366	(—) 9.6	294	380 (—) 22.6
Total Provinces		9,752	9,806	(—) 0.6	3,687	3,719 (—) 0.9
STATES						
Bahawalpur	..	737	643	(+) 14.6	202	236 (—) 14.4
Khairpur.	..	102	112	(—) 8.9	31	32 (—) 3.1
Total States		839	755	(+) 11.1	233	268 (—) 13.1
Grand Total “All Pakistan”	10,591	10,561	(+) 0.3	3,920	3,987	(—) 1.7

* The area/yield figures previously reported were 248,000 acres and 53,000 tons which have since been revised by the Province to 257,000 acres and 55,000 tons respectively.

S. A. HAMEED,
Director of Statistics

The Gazette of Pakistan



PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

KARACHI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1950

PART II-A

Notifications relating to Minor Administrations

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

Quetta, the 30th September 1950

No. 220-V|50-1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan is pleased to appoint Mr. M. A. Durrani, an Officer on Special Duty under training, to be a Magistrate of the First Class within the limits of the Quetta-Pishin District.

No. 220-V|50-II.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 13 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan is pleased to place the Assistant Political Agent and Magistrate, First Class, Quetta-Pishin, in charge of the Quetta and Pishin Sub-Divisions.

By order,
M. P. O'C. TANDY, Secy.

Quetta, the 2nd October 1950

No. E-45|50-1.—Mr. Abdul Karim Khan Alkozai relinquished charge of his office as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bori-Moosakhel at Loralai, on the afternoon of the 10th July 1950.

No. E-45|50-2.—Khan Zahoor-ul-Hassan Khan, on transfer from the post of Assistant to the Revenue Commissioner, assumed charge of the office of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bori-Moosakhel at Loralai, on the afternoon of the 10th July 1950.

No. E-45|50-3.—Captain Saleh Muhammad Khan relinquished charge of his office as City Magistrate, Quetta, on the afternoon of the 23rd June 1950.

No. E-45|50-4.—Raja Ahmed Khan, M.A., assumed charge of the office of the City Magistrate, Quetta, in addition to his own duties as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta Sub-Division, with effect from the 23rd June 1950 afternoon.

No. E-45|50-5.—Raja Ahmed Khan, M.A., relinquished the additional charge of his office as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta Sub-Division, on the forenoon of the 13th July 1950.

No. E-45|50-6.—Mr. Abdul Karim Khan Alkozai assumed charge of the office of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta Sub-Division, on the forenoon of the 13th July 1950.

No. E-45|50-8.—Captain Saleh Muhammad Khan, on his transfer from the post of City Magistrate, Quetta, assumed charge of the office of the Extra Assistant

Commissioner, Lower Zhob, Fort Sandeman, on the forenoon of the 3rd July 1950.

No. E-45|50-9.—Khan Inayat-Ullah Khan relinquished charge of his office as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Chaman, on the forenoon of the 1st September 1950 and is granted 6 weeks' earned leave from the same date, subject to title.

No. E-45|50-10.—Khan Lal Gul Khan, substantive Tahsildar, is appointed to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Chaman, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st September 1950.

No. E-45|50-11.—Captain Sultan Ali, on his transfer from the post of temporary Extra Assistant Commissioner at Quetta, assumed charge of the office of the Extra Assistant Commissioner Chagai, Nushki, on the forenoon of the 31st August 1950.

No. E-45|50-12.—Sh. Ahmed Hussain, relinquished charge of the office of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Chagai at Nushki, on the forenoon of the 31st August 1950.

No. E-45|50-13.—Arbab Muhammad Ali Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, relinquished charge of his office as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Pishin, on the afternoon of the 8th September 1950.

No. E-45|50-14.—Sh. Ahmed Hussain, assumed charge of the office of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Pishin, on the afternoon of the 8th September 1950.

No. E-45|50-15.—Qazi Noor Muhammad, relinquished charge of the office of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sibi|Sharigh at Sibi, on the forenoon of the 18th September 1950.

No. E-45|50-16.—Arbab Muhammad Ali assumed charge of the office of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sibi|Sharigh at Sibi, on the forenoon of the 18th September 1950.

No. E-45|50-17.—Khan Sahib Abdul Wahid Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bolan, Mach, relinquished charge of his office on the afternoon of the 25th September 1950 and is granted leave on average pay preparatory to retirement from the same date up to and for the 18th October 1950 subject to title.

No. E-45|50-18.—Qazi Noor Muhammad assumed charge of the office of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bolan at Mach, on the afternoon of the 25th September 1950.

Quetta, the 4th October 1950

No AM-15 (50).—In exercise of the powers conferred on him under section 167 (j) of the Quetta Municipal Law, 1946, the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan is pleased to make the following amendment in the Quetta Octroi Rules, 1943,

promulgated under his notification No. 15-AM (43) I, dated the 4th September 1943, as amended from time to time :—

Add the following as sub-rule (8) to rule 14 :—

"the amounts of refunds in respect of Transit Refund Passes obtained under rule 14 shall be obtained by the public within 3 months of the date of issue of the Transit Refund Passes after which date the amounts of refund shall lapse and shall not be refunded without the previous approval of the Revenue Commissioner."

By order,
ABDUL HAKIM, Under Secy.

Nathiagali, the 27th September 1950

No. 2314/MN/I.B.65.—This Administration Gazette Notification No. 1568/MN/I.B.65, dated 12th August 1950, regarding grant of 61 days Annual Leave in Pakistan to A Col. Khushwaqt-ul-Mulk, Deputy Inspector General, Frontier Corps, and appointment of T Lt. Col. Iftikhar-ud-Din as Officiating Deputy Inspector General, Frontier Corps, is hereby cancelled.

By order,
AHMAD JAN, Brigadier,
Secretary, Frontier Corps, N. W. F.

**AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN**

Quetta, the 5th October 1950

No. AM-39 (50) II.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Order No. G. G. O. 3 of 1950 published with the Notification No. D 5599-B/50, dated the September 1950, issued by the Government of Pakistan in the Ministry of States and Frontier Regions, the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General, is hereby pleased to declare that the following amendments be made in the Quetta Municipal Law, 1946 :—

In section 7 of Chapter II of the Quetta Municipal Law—

In proviso to sub-section (1) of section 7 the words "At a time" shall be inserted between the words "Year" and "as".

AMIN-UD-DIN,
Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SECRETARIAT, KARACHI

Karachi, the 4th October 1950

No. 4 (169) 50 Jdl. Home.—In exercise of the powers under section 14 (1) of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1898 (Act V of 1898), read with Article 5 of the Pakistan (Establishment of the Federal Capital) Order, 1948, the Administrator of Karachi is pleased to appoint Mr. Syed Shahid Hussain to be an Honorary Special Magistrate of the III Class in Karachi, up to 31st March 1951, for the purpose of attestation of documents and affidavits.

Karachi, the 9th October 1950

No. F. 16 (2) 50-L.S.G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 (2) of the Pakistan Census Act No. VII of 1950, the Administrator of Karachi is pleased to appoint the following as Census Officers for the areas noted against their names :—

Name of the Officers

(1) The Collector of Karachi.

Area
Federal Area (excluding the Karachi Municipal Area).

(2) The Chief Officer, Karachi Municipal Corporation, Karachi.

Karachi Municipal Area.

These Officers are also authorised to exercise the powers under sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 2 of the said Act.

CORRIGENDUM

Karachi, the 10th October 1950

No. 779/F. 11 (IGB) Admtr. 1950.—In the Karachi Administration Notification No. 716/F. 11 (IGB) Admtr. 1950, dated the 16/18th September 1950, for "the forenoon of the 21st August 1950" please read "the forenoon of the 21st July 1950".

S. H. RAZA,
Administrator of Karachi.

Karachi, the 7th October 1950

No. 18 (184) 50-Home.—The following draft Notification which the Administrator of Karachi proposes to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections 1 and 2 of section 15 of the Sind Wild Birds and Wild Animals Protection Act, 1940 (Act XXI of 1940), read with article 5 of the Pakistan (Establishment of the Federal Capital) Order, 1948, is published, as required by sub-section 1 of section 15 of the said Act, for the information of persons interested or likely to be effected, and notice is hereby given that the said draft Notification will be taken into consideration on or after the 31st October 1950.

Any objection or suggestions which may be received by the Administrator of Karachi in this connection before the aforesaid date will be duly considered.

Draft Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections 1 and 2 of section 15 of the Sind Wild Birds and Animals Protection Act, 1940 (Act XXI of 1940), read with article 5 of the Pakistan (Establishment of the Federal Capital) Order, 1948, the Administrator of Karachi is pleased to make the following amendments to the Sind Wild Birds and Wild Animals Protection Rules, 1941, namely :—

- (1) in sub-sections (i), (ii) and (iii) of Clause I of rule 14 of the said rules, for the amount "Rs. 5, Rs. 10 and Rs. 20" respectively, the amount "Rs. 20, Rs. 50 and Rs. 100", respectively, shall be substituted.
- (ii) in rule 28 of the said rules, for the amount "Rs. 5", "Rs. 100" shall be substituted.

By order of the
Administrator of Karachi,
M. L. RAHMAN,
Secretary to the Administrator of Karachi.

Directorate of Civil Supplies

FUEL BRANCH

Karachi, the 10th October 1950

No. F/17/50.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by clause (c) of section 3 (2) of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946, the Administrator of Karachi is pleased to fix the maximum retail prices of steam coal imported from countries other than India in the Karachi Administered Area as follows :—

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| (i) South African First Grade | Rs. 64-11-0 per ton. |
| (ii) South African Lower Grade | Rs. 61-3-0 per ton. |
| (iii) Foreign Higher Grade | Rs. 71-1-0 per ton. |

M. YAMIN QURESHI,
for Administrator of Karachi.

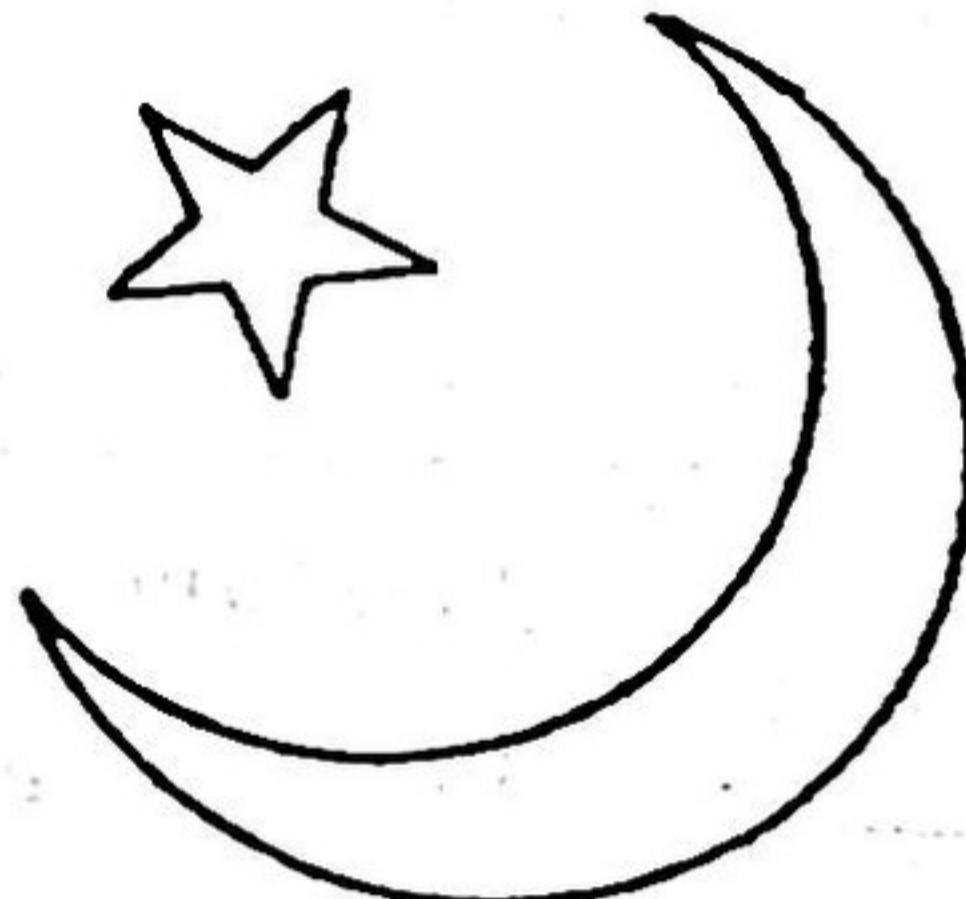
**OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE,
KARACHI**

Karachi, the 3rd October 1950

No. J-5030 of 1950.—The District Magistrate, Karachi, is pleased to confer upon the Honorary Special First Class Magistrate, Karachi, powers under sections 58 and 59 of the Bombay District Police Act, 1890, for the disposal of unclaimed property for the period he holds the present appointment.

M. ISHAK,
District Magistrate, Karachi.

The Gazette of Pakistan



PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

KARACHI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1950

PART III

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations

BY THE DEPUTY CONSERVATOR, KARACHI PORT TRUST

NOTICE

Karachi-2, the 6th October 1950

In accordance with the provision of Section 11 of the Indian Ports Act, XV of 1908, notice is hereby given that the following articles have been salved within the Harbour by the Port Trust Diver as stated below :—

Marks.	No. and description.	Name of vessel and date of salvage.
Nil ..	One Cylinder ..	S.S. "ORMARA" 4-7-1947.
Amarilo ..	One Zinc plate ..	H.M.P.S. "SHAMSHER" 17-8-1948
B. U. S. M. Co. Ltd. [No. 9348 (HBT)]	3 cases Local Cargo ..	S.S. "JALAJAWAHIR" 11-12-1948
Nil ..	24 Bicycles Tyres ..	Not known 21-4-1949.
Nil ..	7 Black Iron Sheets 8' x 4' each	S.S. "YALE COUNTRY" 19-8-1949.
VOLKART ..	One case of Matches ..	Not known 12-11-1949.
L. P 277 / KARACHI	(Case is broken and amount of contents not known)	

MADE IN AUSTRIA

Nil ..	One Iron Angle ..	S.S. "TAIREA" 18-11-1947.
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and that if the same be not claimed, and the sum due thereon be not paid within 14 days from the date of this notice, the articles will be sold by public auction in accordance with the provisions of the said act.

(Sd.) ILLEGIBLE,
Deputy Conservator.

KARACHI MUNICIPAL
ACCOUNTS

Classified Abstract of Receipts and

Grant No.	Receipts	June 1949.			September 1949.			Budget 1949-50. Rs.
		Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	
I	Terminal Tax ..	3,69,314	7	3	6,89,024	14	6	15,00,000
II	Property Taxes :—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(a) General Tax 7%	..	3,15,808	6	0	5,03,378	7	0
	(b) Water rate 6%	..	1,52,059	7	0	2,46,981	14	0
	(c) Conservancy Tax 3%	..	1,74,702	7	0	2,65,351	13	0
III	Water supply fee(s) Connection charges ..	52,202	3	0	95,304	6	0	17,70,000
	(b) By Meter ..	1,96,583	7	0	3,84,947	15	0	..
IV	Government Tax ..	1,04,642	4	0	1,70,075	6	0	50,000
V	Wheel and Animal Tax ..	2,36,001	4	0	4,37,537	15	0	3,60,000
V(a)	Fees from Licenses etc. ..	55,543	8	0	73,508	8	0	1,75,000
VI	Receipts under Special Acts ..	13,789	7	9	29,622	14	2	50,000
VII	Land (and house) Rents ..	1,06,577	10	9	2,21,197	1	0	2,80,084
VIII	(a) Markets ..	10,636	15	0	36,554	12	6	2,34,900
	(b) Slaughter Yards ..	28,076	12	0	58,135	14	3	..
IX	Gardens and Zoo ..	42,948	2	0	62,102	1	6	66,100
X	Sewage Farms ..	1,81,131	0	0	2,98,174	0	0	6,08,000
XI	Grants and contributions ..	1,469	0	0	1,766	0	0	30,466
XII	Interest on Investments ..	61,127	6	0	1,60,620	15	0	30,750
XIII	Miscellaneous ..	74,352	6	9	1,66,684	13	0	2,53,800
	(a) Exhibition ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(b) Census (Grant from Government) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total Revenue carried over ..	21,76,966	1	6	39,00,969	9	11	95,59,100
	General Fund ..	0	1	0	0	1	0	..
	For Land sales (premia) ..	1,56,221	4	0	2,08,452	10	0	3,00,000
	For other receipts of capital nature ..	102	8	0	179	8	0	10,000
	Premia on Loan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Loans and advances ..	30,912	9	0	57,243	11	3	70,000
	General Depreciation Reserve ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,60,000
	Sinking Fund Reserve (including int.) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,24,999
	Provident Fund (Budget is net) 'A' S. staff ..	13,857	3	0	31,538	13	0	40,000
	" " " B. S. Staff ..	29,143	14	0	66,311	6	0	1,00,000
	Carried over ..	24,07,203	8	6	42,64,695	11	2	1,08,64,099

CORPORATION

1949-50

Payments for and to the end of September 1949

Grant No.	PAYMENTS	June 1949.	September 1949.	Budget
		Rs. as. ps.	Rs. as. ps.	Rs.
1 General Administration	..	71,694 4 7	1,64,052 3 1	3,13,293
2 Collection of Revenue	..	41,974 6 3	95,476 10 9	2,12,640
3 Fire Brigade & Ambulance	..	18,649 0 7	43,618 11 7	1,30,316
4 Public Health (General)	..	42,604 13 2	97,274 4 11	2,65,105
5 Hospitals & Dispensaries	..	47,478 7 10	1,23,358 14 10	3,52,539
6 Street cleansing, including Road watering	..	1,31,532 12 3	2,76,013 11 3	7,12,728
7 Markets & Slaughter Yards	..	14,308 13 6	27,889 9 6	82,194
8 Public Works (General)	..	24,872 15 1	53,904 9 7	1,10,647
9 Public Lighting	..	68,898 4 11	1,08,896 0 8	2,86,648
10 Municipal Buildings	..	17,314 1 9	29,106 4 3	1,10,708
1.1 Roads, Footpaths & Bridges	..	41,879 0 5	91,891 15 7	3,27,951
1.2 Water supply	..	82,691 15 11	1,62,222 1 8	12,41,193
1.3 Drainage including Halalcore	..	1,39,386 15 3	2,50,171 1 9	9,42,602
1.4 Sewage Farms	..	31,888 15 1	68,035 15 4	1,50,643
1.5 Public Gardens	..	32,814 4 3	74,899 0 8	1,59,358
1.6 Zoo	..	6,316 13 3	11,432 2 9	33,646
1.7 Museum	..	611 6 0	611 6 0	3,665
1.8 Public Instructions	745 0 0	9,44,686
1.9 Miscellaneous	..	4,56,162 9 3	10,32,266 13 6	21,48,743
2.0 Interest on Loans	..	1,86,080 0 0	5,08,940 0 0	10,17,880
2.1 Sinking Fund, repayment of Loans and depreciations	5,96,184
2.2 Reserve	30,000
Total expenditure carried over		14,57,159 15 4	32,20,796 9 8	1,01,73,369
2.3 Water Works	..	7,687 14 5	13,525 0 5	2,35,331
2.4 Drainage works	1,029 15 9	18,19,902
2.5 Land acquisitions	720 5 0	50,000
2.6 Roads, Footpaths & Bridges	..	4,441 3 0	9,209 8 6	2,66,587
2.7 Development schemes	..	88 0 0	88 0 0	14,500
2.8 New Municipal office building	..	104 4 0	257 2 0	6,500
2.9 Other Mpl. Bldgs. and properties	..	14,733 2 9	21,292 7 3	14,22,215
3.0 Miscellaneous assets, viz., Fire Engines, Motor wagons workshop plant, etc.	..	624 0 9	2,634 9 0	1,16,796
Carried over		14,84,838 8 3	32,69,553 8 7	1,41,05,200

Grant No.	Receipts	June 1949			September 1949			Budget Rs.
		Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.	
	Brought forward ..	24,07,203	8	6	42,64,695	11	2	1,08,64,099
	Pension Fund (Budget is gross) ..	7,798	13	0	18,049	15	0	.. ..
	Deposits (Budget is net) ..	6,05,584	9	3	16,26,643	7	0	50,000
	Miscellaneous Assets (for depreciation) ..							20,000
	Stores suspense :— ..	1,74,403	1	3	3,36,573	12	1	24,730
	Workshop ..				2,006	0	0	
	Pension Reserve for School Teachers ..							
	Provident Fund for S. B. staff ..							
	Fire Insurance Fund ..							
	Debt Loan raised ..							18,475
	Loan proposed ..							
	(a) Loan applied Drainage works ..							8,00,000
	(b) For new major capital works ..							11,83,110
	Note :—Details of Balance :— ..							
	Cash & Bank deposit = 59,72,181 11 1							
	Securities = 81,58,827 6 0							
	Total 14,13,1009 1 1	31,94,990	0	0	62,47,968	13	3	1,29,50,414
	Add opening balance ..				1,41,31,009	1	1	1,08,52,847
	Grand Total ..				2,03,78,977	14	4	2,38,03,261
	(c) Indus W. S. Scheme ..							
1	Loan money (a) Old loans ..				61,50,45	1	0	2,53,220
	(b) I. P. Scheme ..				2,53,220	6	3	1,46,622
2	Sinking Fund ..				1,46,621	9	0	55,44,599
3	Other Fund ..				55,44,629	2	0	
	(a) Provident Fund 'A' ..				6,61,424	9	9	
	(b) " " 'B' ..				8,27,239	12	6	
	(c) Pension Fund ..				1,03,563	0	10	
	(d) " " S. B. Teachers ..							43,28,181
	(e) Provident Fund ..				4,86,050	11	2	
	(f) Deposits ..				2,67,620	12	0	
4	Fire Insurance Fund ..				14,88,053	5	2	
5	Land Sale a/c ..				1,83,316	4	0	1,82,705
6	Cash Balance (General Mpl. Fund) ..				20,53,081	13	11	7,85,910
	Total ..				15,01,142	9	6	—3,88,390
					1,41,31,009	1	1	1,08,52,847

Grant No.	Payments	June 1949.			September 1949.			Budget 1949-50. Rs.			
		Rs.	as.	ps.	Rs.	as.	ps.				
	Brought forward ..	14,84,838	8	3	32,69,553	8	7	1,41,05,200			
31	Town planning schemes ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	Loans and advance (Budget is net) ..	6,93,323	14	9	8,97,477	14	9	55,000			
33	Special advance from Government for P. S. Exp. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34-1	Stores (suspense) ..	3,40,567	9	11	10,95,429	7	5	5,000			
34-2	Workshop Labour Bills & Stores ..	10,661	13	10	23,438	13	1	5,000			
33	Pension Reserve for Municipal staff Pension F. S. B. Teacher ..	10,061	0	0	25,760	3	0	95,000			
XVI	Pro : Fund 'A' Schedule staff ..	1,068	0	0	2,592	4	0	12,000			
	" " 'B' Schedule staff ..	8,924	0	0	17,768	14	0	..			
	Deposits ..	8,259	9	0	20,139	13	0	..			
	Prov : Fund 'A' Schedule staff ..	2,66,174	15	0	5,24,956	14	0	..			
	General Fund ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Note :—Details of Balance :—											
	Cash & Bank deposit ..	53,43,032	12	6	..	..	..	..
	Securities ..	91,58,827	6	0	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	1,45,01,860	2	6	28,23,879	6	9	58,77,117	11	10	1,42,77,200
	Add closing balance	1,45,01,860	2	6	95,26,061
	Grand Total	2,03,78,977	14	4	2,38,03,261
Details of Balance :—											
	(c) Indus W. S. Scheme ..	..	..	..	6,15,045	1	0	..
1	Loan money (a) Old loans ..	..	..	..	2,53,220	6	3	2,53,220
	(b) I. P. Scheme ..	..	..	..	1,46,621	9	0	1,46,622
2	Sinking Fund ..	..	..	..	55,44,629	2	0	60,69,498
3	Other accounts :—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(a) Provident Fund 'A' ..	..	..	..	6,75,194	8	9	..
	(b) Provident Fund 'B' ..	..	..	..	8,73,411	5	6	..
	(c) Pension Fund ..	..	..	..	95,852	12	10	..
	(d) " " S. B. Teacher ..	..	..	..	4,83,458	7	2	44,96,181
	(e) Provident Fund S. B. Teachers ..	..	..	..	2,67,620	12	0	..
	(f) Deposits ..	..	..	..	25,89,739	14	2	..
4	Fire Insurance Fund ..	..	..	..	1,83,316	4	0	2,01,180
15	Land Sale a/o ..	..	..	..	22,29,579	8	2	6,10,910
16	Cash Balance (General Municipal Fund) ..	..	..	..	5,44,170	7	8	22,51,550
	Total ..	..	..	..	1,45,01,860	2	6	95,26,061

MOLEDINA A.,

Accountant,

Karachi Municipal Corporation.

F. M. I. KURESHI,

Chief Officer.

• *Introducing the new* **Introducing the new**

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This image shows a severely damaged document page. The paper is off-white and heavily marked with dark, irregular smudges and scratches, particularly on the left side. The text, which appears to be in a cursive or script font, is completely illegible. A vertical strip of the document's border is visible on the right edge. The overall appearance is that of a damaged or heavily processed photograph of a document.

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The Gazette of Pakistan

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KARACHI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1950

PART V

Bills introduced in the Constituent Assembly and the Constituent Assembly (Legislature), Reports of Select Committees presented to the Constituent Assembly and the Constituent Assembly (Legislature), Bills published under Rule 43 of the Constituent Assembly Rules and Rule 18 of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly (Legislature) Rules.

GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN

GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN
CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY (LEGISLATIVE)

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY (LEGISLATURE)
The following Bills were introduced in the Constituent Assembly (Legislature) of Pakistan on the 5th October, 1950 :-

C. A. (L.) BILL No 56 OF 1950

C. A. (L.) BILL No. 56 OF 1950
A Bill to prohibit the slaughter of useful cattle and to regulate the

WHEREAS it is expedient to prohibit the slaughter of useful cattle and to regulate the slaughter of other cattle.

It is hereby enacted as follows:

1. (1) This Act may be called the Karachi Cattle Slaughter Control Act, 1950. Short title, extent and commencement.
(2) It shall extend to the Capital of the Federation.
(3) It shall come into force in, and shall apply to, such parts of the Capital of the Federation on such date and for such period as the Central Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, direct.
2. In this Act unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,— Definition
(a) "Cattle" means oxen, buffaloes and sheep of either sex and of any age;
(b) "Veterinary Officer" and "Competent Veterinary Authority" means officers appointed as such under the rules;
(c) "useful cattle" means—
(i) all oxen and buffaloes below 3 years of age;

(265)

(ii) all oxen and buffaloes between 3 to 10 years of age which are suitable for draught, breeding or milk;

(iii) all cows and female buffaloes which are pregnant;

(iv) all sheep below 1½ years of age; and

(v) all sheep which are pregnant, except those which, under any rules made under this Act, may be certified as not useful by the prescribed authority.

(d) "slaughter" means killing cattle by any means;

(e) "slaughter-house" means any building or premises used for slaughtering cattle and approved by the prescribed authority;

(f) "stock-yard" means an enclosure approved by the competent authority where cattle are assembled for examination by the Veterinary Officer to determine whether they are suitable for slaughter or not, or where cattle approved for slaughtering are housed until they are removed to the slaughter house;

(g) "carcase" means dead body of a slaughtered animal;

(h) "market" means a place recognised by competent authority under the rules for the sale of cattle;

(i) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules framed under this Act.

Prohibition against slaughter of useful cattle
3. No person shall slaughter cattle except in a slaughter-house and, during the hours prescribed therefor.

Examination in stock-yard
4. Any person intending to slaughter cattle in a slaughter-house shall first produce the cattle in the stock-yard for examination at least six hours before slaughtering and no cattle shall be slaughtered in a slaughter-house unless they have been so produced, and examined and approved for slaughter.

Exception for cattle slaughtered on Id-uz-Zuha
5. Nothing in sections 3 and 4 shall apply to cattle slaughtered on the day of Id-uz-Zuha and on the two days succeeding it and on such other occasions or days as may be prescribed by rules.

Prohibition of slaughter
6. No cattle shall be slaughtered and no one shall sell or purchase cattle meat on such days as may be prescribed.

Prohibition of certain sales, etc.
7. No one shall sell, expose for sale, possess or transport raw meat of any cattle which has been slaughtered in an area in which this Act is not in force.

Useful cattle not to be slaughtered
8. No person shall slaughter any useful cattle.



9. A Veterinary Officer may after examination of cattle brought in the stock-yard decide which are useful cattle and his decision shall, subject to an appeal which may be preferred within 24 hours of such decision to a prescribed authority, shall be final.

10. The prescribed authority shall have the power to seize any cattle or carcase, if he has reason to believe that such cattle are being or are about to be slaughtered, or the carcase is that of an animal slaughtered, in contravention of the provisions of this Act, and may dispose of the same in the prescribed manner.

11. (1) Whosoever contravenes any provision of this Act or of the rules framed thereunder shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 1,000 but shall not be less than Rs. 100 or with imprisonment of either description which may extend to six months, or with both.

(2) Anyone who abets the commission of any offence under this Act or the rules made thereunder shall be deemed to have committed that offence.

(3) Anyone who is in possession of the premises where an offence under this Act has been committed shall be presumed to have abetted that offence.

12. (1) The Central Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :

(i) for the *ante-mortem* and *post-mortem* examination of any cattle ;

(ii) for the inspection of the meat or carcases of slaughtered cattle ;

(iii) for the inspection of slaughter-houses and stock-yards ;

(iv) for levying fee for slaughtering cattle or for any of the purposes specified in clauses (i) to (iii) of this section ; and

(v) for all such matters as may be necessary for carrying into effect the purposes of this Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

After partition, the consumption of meat has considerably increased in Pakistan and the figures supplied by the Karachi Corporation indicate enormous gradual increase over the pre-partition figures. The position has reached such an alarming state of affairs in regard to stock of milch and other useful cattle that if no check is now imposed the country will suffer considerable loss on account of shortage of useful cattle.

The Red Sindhi breed of cattle, the most important milk-yielding breed in Pakistan, which is indigenous to this area is particularly hard hit by the present rate of slaughter. Similarly sheep yielding wool stand in need of protection. Resort to legislation to prevent slaughter of the useful cattle has become a necessity and in so far as Karachi is concerned this Bill intends to achieve that object.

ABDUS SATTAR PIRZADA

KARACHI :

The 28th September, 1950.

C. A. (L.) BILL No. 57 OF 1950

A Bill to enable the immediate imposition of protective duties of customs on imported goods

WHEREAS it is expedient to enable the Central Government to impose with immediate effect protective duties of customs on goods produced or manufactured outside Pakistan and imported into the Provinces or the Capital of the Federation where such imposition is urgently necessary in the interest of industries established in the Provinces or the Capital of the Federation;

It is hereby enacted as follows:

Short title. 1. (1) This Act may be called the Protective Duties Act, 1950.

(2) It extends to all the Provinces and the Capital of the Federation.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

Powers of Central Government to impose duties of Customs

2. (1) If the Central Government, upon a recommendation made to it in this behalf by the Tariff Commission set up by the Central Government, is of opinion that it is urgently necessary to provide for the protection of the interests of any industry established in the Provinces or the Capital of the Federation, the Central Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, impose on any goods, produced or manufactured in any country outside Pakistan and imported into the Provinces or the Capital of the Federation in respect of which the said recommendation is made, a duty of customs of such amount as it thinks fit.

(2) Every duty imposed under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to be a duty leviable under the Tariff Act, 1934, and shall be in addition to any duties imposed under that Act or any other law for the time being in force, but shall not be included in the duty of customs upon which any additional duty imposed by

As required by sub-section (i) of section 37 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor-General has been pleased to recommend to the Constituent Assembly (Legislature) the introduction of the Bill.

XII of 1942 section 6 of the Indian Finance Act, 1942, and continued, subject to certain modifications by certain subsequent Acts of the Central Legislature, is calculated, or operate so as in any way to affect the amount of any additional duty so imposed.

3. During the session of the Central Legislature next following the date of the issue of a notification under sub-section (1) of section 2, there shall, unless the notification is in the meantime rescinded, be introduced to the Central Legislature on behalf of the Central Government a bill to give effect to the proposals of the Central Government in regard to the continuance of a protective duty of customs on the goods to which the notification relates and the notification shall cease to have effect on the expiry of two months from the date on which the Bill is so introduced:

Provided that where for any reason a Bill as aforesaid is not so introduced the notification shall cease to have effect on the expiry of two months from the termination of the said session.

4. (1) The Central Government may, by notification in the official Gazette make rules for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power such rules may prescribe the conditions subject to which any goods shall be deemed to be produced or manufactured in a particular country for the purposes of this Act.

XXVII of 1946 5. The Protective Duties Act, 1946, is hereby repealed.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

As the Protective Duties Act, 1946, expired in March, 1949, Government have no powers to levy protective duties or to classify an existing duty as protective. It is proposed to take necessary powers through the provisions of this Bill to enable Government to give effect to the recommendations of the Tariff Commission in regard to the levy of protective duties in the interest of certain indigenous industries.

FAZLUR RAHMAN.

KARACHI:

The 29th September, 1950.

C. A. (L.) BILL No. 58 OF 1950

A Bill further to amend the City of Karachi Municipal Act, 1933

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the City of Karachi Municipal Act, 1933 (Bombay Act No. XVII of 1933), for the purpose hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted as follows:

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the City of Karachi Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1950.

(2) It shall come into force at once and it shall remain in force upto 30th April, 1952.

Amendment of section 279A, Bombay Act XVII of 1933.

2. In section 279A of the City of Karachi Municipal Act, 1933—

(a) in sub-section (8), for the words "powers of a Census Officer under the Indian Census Act, 1939" the words "powers conferred upon a Census Officer by the Census Act, 1949" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 280, Bombay Act XVII of 1933.

3. In section 280 of the City of Karachi Municipal Act, 1933—

(a) for sub-section (6), the following shall be substituted, namely:

"(6) The Municipal Commissioner shall receive such salary and conveyance allowance, if any, as the Governor-General may determine:"

(b) after sub-section (7), the following new sub-section shall be added, namely:

"(8) Upon the appointment of a Municipal Commissioner under sub-section (2), the term of office of the Chief Officer shall stand forthwith terminated and his office shall thereupon, notwithstanding anything in this Act, be held in abeyance and all the powers, functions and duties of that office conferred or imposed by or under this Act shall thereupon be exercised and performed by the Municipal Commissioner, who shall continue to exercise and discharge the same, until the re-establishment of the Corporation:

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall be deemed to forbid the grant of such compensation, if any, as the Provincial Government may think fit, to the Chief Officer whose term of office is ended by this sub-section if nothing appears which would, but for this sub-section, have rendered him liable to removal by the Provincial Government under sub-section (2) of section 31."

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

It has not so far been possible to bring about satisfactory improvement in the administration and the financial position of the Karachi Municipal Corporation on account of the division of responsibility and control between the Municipal Commissioner and the Chief Officer. To set right the affairs of the Corporation and thus enable Government to carry out its purpose of holding fresh elections to the Corporation as early as possible, it is desirable and essential that the functions, duties and powers of the Municipal Commissioner and the Chief Officer should be those of a single authority and the amending Bill has been drafted in order to achieve this object.

SARDAR BAHADUR KHAN

KARACHI :

The 28th September, 1950.

C. A. (L.) BILL NO. 59 OF 1950

A Bill further to amend the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947 (VII of 1947), for the purposes hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted as follows:

1. (1) This Act may be called the Foreign Exchange Regulation (Amendment) Act, 1950. Short title and commencement

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. In section 2 of the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947, hereinafter referred to as the Act, in clause (k), the word "Pakistan" occurring in the title of section 2 of Act VII of 1947 of Act X of 1920 shall be omitted.

3. In section 8 of the Act, in sub-section (2), the words "other than foreign exchange obtained from an authorised dealer" shall be omitted. Amendment of section 8. Act VII of 1947

4. In section 18 of the Act—

(a) in sub-section (1), the words "or the United Kingdom" shall be omitted; and Amendment of section 18, Act VII of 1947

(b) for sub-section (2), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) Except with the general or special permission of the State Bank, no person resident in the Provinces or the Capital of the Federation shall lend any money or security to any company, not being a banking company, which is by any means controlled, whether directly or indirectly, by persons resident outside Pakistan elsewhere than in the territories notified in this behalf by the State Bank. In this sub-section, "company" includes a firm, branch or office of a company or firm."

Amendment 5. In section 19 of the Act—~~THE INDIAN BANKS ACT, 1947~~

of section
19, Act VII
of 1947

(a) in sub-section (1), after the words "the Central Government" the words "or the State Bank" shall be inserted;

(b) in sub-section (2) at the end, the following may be added:

"and may, at any time by notification in the official Gazette, direct that the power to make such order shall for such period as may be specified in the direction, be exercised by the State Bank";

(c) for sub-section (3), the following shall be substituted, namely:

"(3) On a representation in writing made by a person authorised in this behalf by the Central Government or the State Bank and supported by a statement on oath of such person that he has reason to believe that a contravention of any of the provisions of this Act has been or is being or is about to be committed in any place or that evidence of the contravention is to be found in such place, a district magistrate, a sub-divisional magistrate or a magistrate of the first class, may, be warrant, authorise any police officer not below the rank of sub-inspector—

(a) to enter and search any place in the manner specified in the warrant; and

(b) seize any books or other documents found in or on such place.

Explanation.—In this sub-section, "place" includes a house, building, tent, vehicle, vessel or aircraft.

(3A) A police officer authorised under sub-section (3) may search any person who is found in or whom he has reasonable ground to believe to have recently left or to be about to enter such place and to seize any article found in the possession of or upon such person and believed by the police officer so authorised to be evidence of the commission of any offence under this Act.

(3B) A police officer authorised under sub-section (3) shall conduct any search under that sub-section or under sub-section (3A) in accordance with the provisions relating to search in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898; and

(d) in sub-section (4), the word "Pakistan" occurring in the title of Act XI of 1922 shall be omitted.

V of 1898

6. In clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act, for the word "India" the word "Pakistan" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 20, Act VII of 1947

7. In section 23 of the Act—

(a) in sub-section (1), after the word "contravenes", the words "attempts to contravene or abets the contravention of" shall be inserted;

Amendment of section 23, Act VII of 1947

(b) after sub-section (1), the following new sub-section shall be inserted, namely:

"(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, any offence punishable under this section shall be cognizable for such period as the Central Government may from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, declare."; and

(c) for sub-section (2), the following shall be substituted, namely:

"(2) No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this section and not declared by the Central Government under the preceding sub-section to be cognizable for the time being or of an offence punishable under section 54 of the Income-tax Act, 1922, as applied by section 19 of this Act, except upon complaint in writing made by a person authorised in this behalf by the Central Government or the State Bank:

Provided that where any such offence is the contravention of any of the provisions of this Act or any rule, direction or order made thereunder which prohibits the doing of an act without permission and is not declared by the Central Government under the preceding sub-section to be cognizable for the time being, no such complaint shall be made unless the person accused of the offence has been given an opportunity of showing that he had such permission."

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

At present offences under the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947, are not cognizable and it has been found that the provisions of the Act do not enable sufficiently speedy and effective action against offenders. To enable such action it is necessary to declare certain offences cognizable for specified periods and to dispense with the present procedure under which suspects have to be given notice at a premature stage of the investigation of any offence. It is, therefore, considered essential to amend sections 8, 19 and 23 of the Act.

Under section 18 as it stands at present, companies controlled by persons resident in the United Kingdom are exempt from the control of the State Bank over their borrowing in Pakistan. As this control is exercised by the State Bank over companies controlled by persons resident in any other country outside Pakistan in order to ensure that such companies do not merely operate on borrowed money and make profits in this country without bringing in capital from outside, there is no justification for continuing this exemption in favour of companies controlled from the United Kingdom.

The amendments proposed in this Bill are designed accordingly.

KARACHI :

The 29th September, 1950.

MAHMUD HUSAIN

C. A. (L.) BILL NO. 60 OF 1950

A Bill further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the purposes hereinafter V of 1908 appearing;

It is hereby enacted as follows:

1. (1) This Act may be called the Code of Civil Procedure (Amendment) Act, 1950.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may by notification in the official Gazette appoint.

2. In rule 25 of Order V of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, hereinafter referred to as the said Code, after the words "the summons shall," the words "except in the cases mentioned in rule 26A" shall be inserted.

3. After rule 26 of Order V of the said Code, the following rule shall be inserted, namely:

"26A. Where the defendant is a servant (not belonging to the military, naval or air forces) of any Government in India, or a servant of a railway company or local authority in India, the summons together with a copy of it to be retained by the defendant shall be sent, with a request that it may be served on the defendant,—

- (a) in the case of a defendant serving in connection with the affairs of the Government of India or a servant of a Railway in India, to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs, and
- (b) in the case of a defendant serving in connection with the affairs of any other Government in India, or in the case of a servant of a local authority in India, to the Home Secretary to that Government or, as the case may be, to the Home Secretary to the Government in whose territories the local authority has its jurisdiction".



STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

It has been agreed between the Governments of Pakistan and India that a reciprocal procedure in civil matters providing *inter alia* for service of summons on public servants as defendants should be worked out between the two countries. Under the law as it stands at present 'public officer' can only refer to a public servant in Pakistan and accordingly a summons issued by a court in Pakistan cannot be served on a public servant in India. In order, therefore, to secure service of summons issued by courts in Pakistan on a servant of a Government in India the law has to be amended, and the present Bill is designed accordingly.

KARACHI : **ABDUS SATTAR PIRZADA**
The 30th September, 1950.

C. A. (L.) BILL NO. 61 OF 1950

A Bill further to amend the Registration Act, 1908.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), for the purpose hereinafter appearing:

It is hereby enacted as follows:

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

Before partition the Registrars of Presidency-towns and the Registrar at Lahore had power under section 30 of the then Indian Registration Act, 1908, to register documents relating to property situated at any place in British India. As a result of partition the power is now nowhere exercisable in East Bengal.

It is considered that the power formerly exercised by the Registrar at Calcutta ought to be exercised by the Registrar at Dacca. This will further put an end to existing inconveniences to the people of East Bengal.

This Bill is being introduced to amend the Registration Act, 1908, for that purpose.

ABDUS SATTAR PIRZADA

KARACHI :

The 30th September, 1950.

M. B. AHMAD,
Secretary, Constituent Assembly (Legislature).

C. A. (L.) BILL No. 62 of 1950

A Bill further to amend the Pakistan Penal Code

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Pakistan Penal Code for the purposes hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Pakistan Penal Code (Amendment) Act, 1950.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. After section 123 of the Pakistan Penal Code the following new section shall be inserted, namely:—

XLV of 1860

“123A. *Condemnation of the creation of the State, and advocacy of abolition of its sovereignty.*

(1) Whoever, within or without Pakistan, with intent to influence, or knowing it to be likely that he will influence, any person or the whole or any section of the public, in a manner likely to be prejudicial to the safety of Pakistan, or to endanger the sovereignty of Pakistan in respect of all or any of the territories lying within its borders, shall by words, spoken or written, or by signs or visible representation, condemn the creation of Pakistan by virtue of the partition of India which was effected on the fifteenth day of August, 1947, or advocate the curtailment or abolition of the sovereignty of Pakistan in respect of all or any of the territories lying within its borders, whether by amalgamation with the territories of neighbouring States or otherwise, shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment which may extend to ten years and shall also be liable to fine.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, when any person is proceeded against under this section, it shall be lawful for any Court before which he may be produced in the course of the investigation or trial, to make such order as it may think fit in respect of his movements, of his association or communication with other persons, and of his activities in regard to dissemination of news propagation of opinions, until such time as the case is finally decided.

(3) Any Court which is a Court of appeal or of revision in relation to the Court mentioned in sub-section (2) may also make an order under that sub-section.”

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The provisions of the Pakistan Penal Code as they stand do not deal with utterances that are, in their essence, not seditious but treasonable, as going to the foundation of the State, and this Bill is designed to supply the omission.

ABDUS SATTAR PIRZADA.

KARACHI :

The 9th October, 1950.

C. A. (L.) BILL No. 63 OF 1950

A Bill further to amend the Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931, for the purpose hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted as follows :

1. (1) This Act may be called the Press (Emergency Powers) (Amendment) Act, 1950. Short title and commencement

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. In sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931, after clause (c), the following new clause shall be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new clause (cc); Act. XXIII of 1931

" (cc) to condemn the creation of Pakistan by virtue of the partition of India which was effected on the fifteenth day of August, 1947, or to advocate the curtailment or abolition of the sovereignty of Pakistan in respect of all, or any of the territories lying within its borders, whether by amalgamation with neighbouring states or otherwise,

or".

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931, as it stands at present, does not provide for utterances that are, in their essence, not seditious but treasonable, as going to the foundation of the State, and this Bill is designed to supply the omission.

ABDUS SATTAR PIRZADA.

KARACHI :

The 9th October, 1950.

C. A. (L.) BILL NO. 64 OF 1950

A Bill further to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, for the purposes hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted as follows:

Short title and commencement. 1. (1) This Act may be called the Code of Criminal Procedure (Second Amendment) Act, 1950.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

Amendment of Section 108. 2. In clause (a) of section 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, after the words "punishable under" the words, figures and letter "section 123A or" shall be inserted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

It is desirable to provide for powers to bind over persons who make utterances which are, in their essence, treasonable, and this Bill is designed accordingly.

ABDUS SATTAR PIRZADA.

KARACHI:

The 9th October, 1950.

C. A. (L.) BILL NO. 65 OF 1950

A Bill to provide for dealing with vagrancy in the Capital of the Federation

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for dealing with vagrancy in the Capital of the Federation;

It is hereby enacted as follows:

Short title, extent and commencement. 1. (1) This Act may be called the Vagrancy (Capital of the Federation) Act, 1950.

(2) It extends to the Capital of the Federation.

(3) It shall come into force on such day as the Central Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

Definitions. 2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) "Child" means a person who has not completed his fourteenth year and is neither a contagious leper nor a lunatic;

(2) "Old, disabled or infirm" means and includes a person who by reason of age, disease, affliction, or physical or mental defect is, in the opinion of the Court, not capable of earning his livelihood and is neither a contagious leper nor a lunatic;

* Under Sub-section (3) of Section 97 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor-General has been pleased to recommend to the Constituent Assembly (Legislature) the consideration of the Bill.

(3) "Poor House" means a house or institution for the detention and maintenance of vagrants who are children or old, disabled and infirm persons, and set up for the purpose by the Central Government or any private person or persons;

(4) "Prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(5) "Public place" includes a railway train or any motor vehicle or carriage;

(6) "Special Magistrate" means a Magistrate empowered under section 3;

(7) "Vagrant" means a person of any age or either sex who—

(a) solicits or receives alms in a public place;

(b) enters on any private premises without the permission of the occupier for the purpose of soliciting or receiving alms;

(c) exposes or exhibits with the object of obtaining alms any sore, wound, injury, deformity or disease;

(d) has no ostensible means of subsistence or no fixed abode and is or remains in any public place in such condition or manner as makes it likely that he lives by soliciting or receiving alms; or

(e) allows himself to be exhibited for the purpose of soliciting or receiving alms;

but does not include a person who—

(i) solicits or receives alms in any place of Hindu worship, or

(ii) solicits or receives money, food or gifts in accordance with any religious usage, or for a purpose authorised by any law or authorised in the prescribed manner by the Central Government:

Provided that on the application of the trustee or trustees of any place of Hindu worship, the Central Government may, in the manner prescribed, direct that "vagrant" shall include a person who solicits or receives alms in such place.

3. The Central Government may empower any Special Magistrate of the First Class as a Special Magistrate for the purposes of this Act.

4. (1) Any police officer authorised in this behalf in pursuance of a direction of the Central Government may arrest without warrant any person who appears to him to be a vagrant:

Provided that no such person shall be so arrested if he furnishes bail for appearance before the Special Magistrate.

(2) The police officer making the arrest shall, without unnecessary delay, take or send the person so arrested to a Special Magistrate.

(3) The provisions of section 61 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, shall apply to every person arrested under this section and the custody in which he may be detained until he is brought before the Special Magistrate shall be such as may be prescribed.

V of 1898

**Declaration
of persons as
vagrants.**

5. (1) When a person is brought before a Special Magistrate under section 4, the Special Magistrate shall make a summary inquiry into the circumstances and character of such person.

(2) If the enquiry referred to in sub-section (1) cannot be completed forthwith, the Special Magistrate may adjourn it from time to time and order the person to be remanded for not longer than 7 days at a time to such place and custody as may be prescribed.

(3) If on completing an inquiry under this section, the Special Magistrate is not satisfied that such person is a vagrant, he shall order him to be released forthwith.

(4) If on completing the inquiry the Magistrate is satisfied that such person is a vagrant, he shall make a declaration to that effect and shall further inquire whether the said vagrant is a child, or an old, disabled or infirm person within the meaning of this Act.

**Detention
of vagrants.**

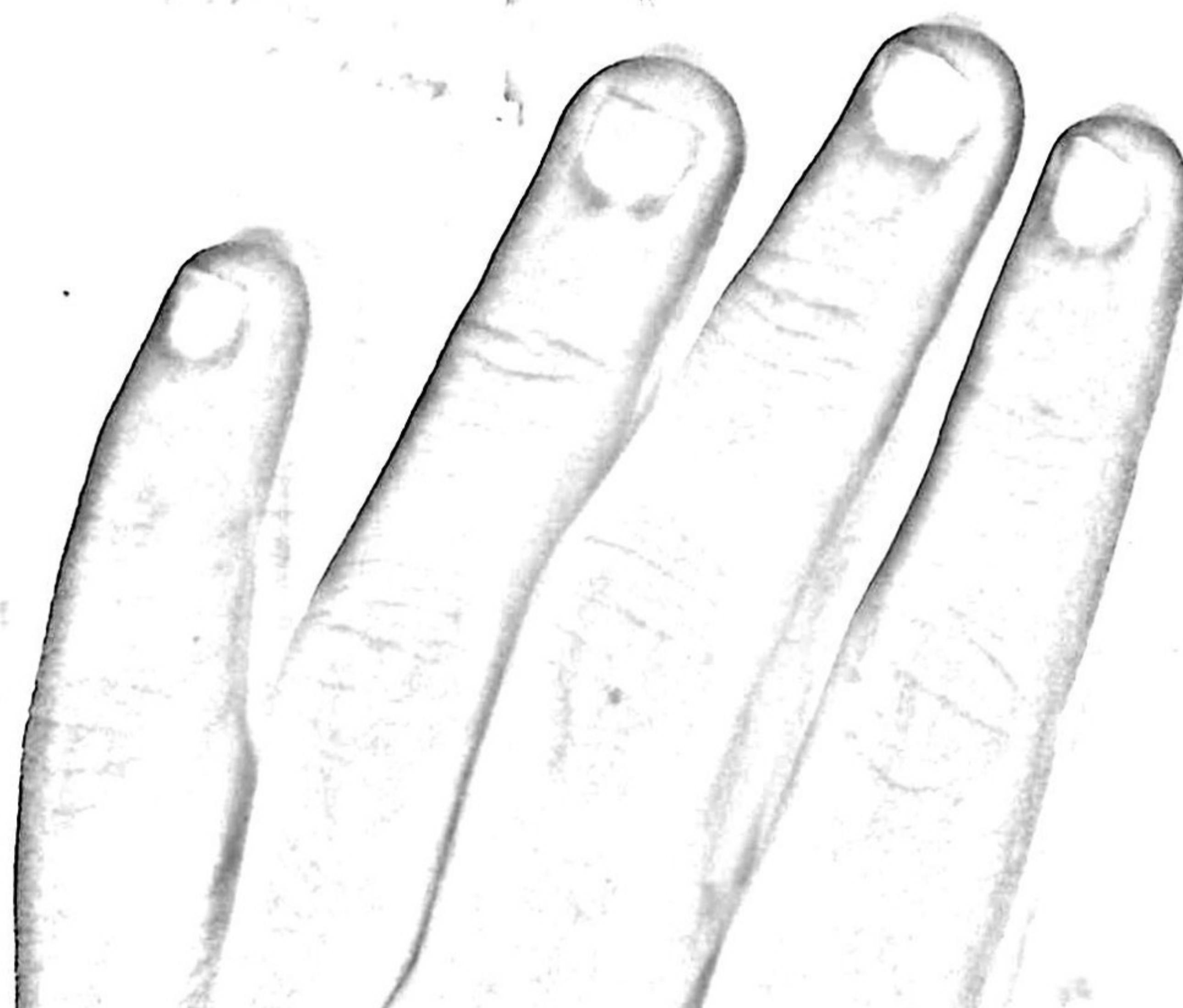
6. (1) A person declared a vagrant under the preceding section shall, if upon the further enquiry required by sub-section (4) of that section he is found to be neither a child nor an old, disabled or infirm person, be liable to be ordered to be detained.

(2) Such detention may, upon a first declaration of vagrancy, extend to a period not exceeding one month, and upon any subsequent declaration to a period not exceeding six months.

(3) So long as there remains in force in respect of any person an order under this section directing that he be detained, he shall be liable to be detained in such place and under such conditions, including conditions as to maintenance, discipline and punishment of offences and breaches of discipline as the Central Government may from time to time specify, and discipline shall include the imposition of manual and such other work as may be prescribed.

**Detention in
the Poor
House.**

7. (1) Any person declared a vagrant under section 5 and found in the further enquiry required by sub-section (4) of that section to be a child or an old, disabled or infirm person, shall be so certified by the Special Magistrate and be ordered to be detained in a Poor House.



(2) Any person ordered to be detained under this section shall be sent under police custody to a Poor House, along with the said certificate of which a copy shall be sent to the Central Government, and there detained until he is discharged in accordance with the provisions of section 11.

8. When in respect of any vagrant a certificate has been issued under sub-section (1) of section 7 and there is any child, being a child within the meaning of this Act, dependent on him, the Special Magistrate may direct that such child may also be sent to the Poor House.

9. (1) If in the course of the further inquiry required by sub-section (4) of section 5 it appears to the Special Magistrate that the person declared a vagrant under that section belongs to any territory outside the Capital of the Federation, he may, instead of proceeding under section 6 or section 7, by order in writing direct the vagrant to leave the Capital of the Federation with such children dependent on him as may be named in the order and within such time and by such route as may be stated in the order and not to return thither without his permission in writing. Extermant of vagrant.

(2) When a vagrant against whom an order has been made under sub-section (1) fails to comply with such order or returns to the Capital without the permission in writing of the Special Magistrate, he may be arrested without warrant by any police officer and shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year.

(3) Nothing in sub-section (2) shall be construed as rendering any child liable to be proceeded against thereunder.

10. A vagrant detained in the Poor House under this Act shall be subject to such rules of conduct and discipline including the imposition of manual and such other work as may be in keeping with his general state of health and as may be prescribed.

11. (1) A vagrant may be discharged from the Poor House under the written order of the Special Magistrate— Discharge from Poor House.

- (a) if he is satisfied that satisfactory employment has been obtained for the vagrant, or
- (b) that the vagrant has become possessed of an income sufficient to support himself without resort to vagrancy ;
- (c) on a relative of the vagrant, or a person in respect of whom the Magistrate is satisfied that he is interested in the welfare of the

vagrant, entering into a bond with or without sureties in such sum as may be prescribed, to look after and maintain the vagrant and to prevent him from resorting to vagrancy;

(d) for other good and sufficient reasons to be recorded by the Special Magistrate in writing.

(e) When the employment referred to in clause

(a) of sub-section (1) is obtained for a vagrant detained in a Poor House, or discharged from a Poor House in order to take up that employment, a vagrant refusing or wilfully neglecting to take up the same shall be liable to be punished on conviction before a Magistrate with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months.

Punishment for employing or causing persons to solicit or receive alms. 12. Whoever employs or causes any person to solicit or receive alms, or abets the employment or the causing of a person to solicit or receive alms, or exhibits to a person for the purpose of soliciting or receiving alms, or whoever, having the custody, charge, or care of a child, connives at or encourages the employment or the causing of the child to solicit or receive alms shall be liable to be punished on conviction before a Magistrate with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years or with fine or with both.

Punishment for escape from custody. 13. Any vagrant who escapes from any custody or detention to which he has been committed under this Act or any rules made thereunder may be arrested without Warrant and shall for any such offence be liable to be punished on conviction before a Magistrate with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year.

Prosecution for escape. 14. No prosecution for an offence under section 13 shall be commenced except by, or with the permission of, such officer as may be authorised in this behalf by the Central Government.

Procedure at end of imprisonment for escape. 15. Every person imprisoned under the provisions of section 13 shall at the end of his term of imprisonment be sent back, under police custody, to the custody or detention from which he escaped, and there kept for the purpose for which he was entrusted to that custody or detention before his escape.

Indemnity. 16. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or the rules made thereunder.

Appeal. 17. Notwithstanding anything in any other law for the time being in force an appeal shall lie to the District Magistrate from any conviction or order of detention under this Act, and the order of the District Magistrate in appeal shall be final.



18. (1) The Central Government may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power such rules may provide for the conduct and inspection of Poor Houses and the maintenance of persons detained therein.


19. The Central Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, direct that any power or duty conferred or imposed upon it by or under this Act, or any document required by or under this Act to be submitted to it shall be exercised or performed or submitted to, as the case may be, such officer subordinate to it as may be specified in the direction.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The widespread disturbances of 1947 in India and West Punjab, the mass migration of millions of refugees and the general and grave economic dislocation resulting from these events have led to a vast increase in the ranks of the indigent who have flocked to big towns and cities of Pakistan for food and shelter. The Federal Capital has received considerably more than its share of beggars, vagabonds and idlers. The streets of Karachi are now crowded with beggars who are a drag on the growing life of the town. Some of these beggars are old, disabled and infirm and, for no fault of their own, have become incapable of making a useful contribution to the economic life of society. Others are children for whom efforts must be made to save them from drifting into a life of begging. For them the Government are, in the near future, setting up a 'Poor House'. They deserve sympathetic treatment at the hands of their Government. A greater section of the begging class, however, consists of able-bodied persons who have taken to begging as a profession. The intention of the proposed measure, therefore, is to acquire legal powers for (a) the commitment of young or disabled and infirm vagrants to the 'Poor House' where they will be maintained and looked after by Government, and (b) the detention of able-bodied vagrants or their exterrnent from Karachi if they are not *bona fide* residents of the Capital.

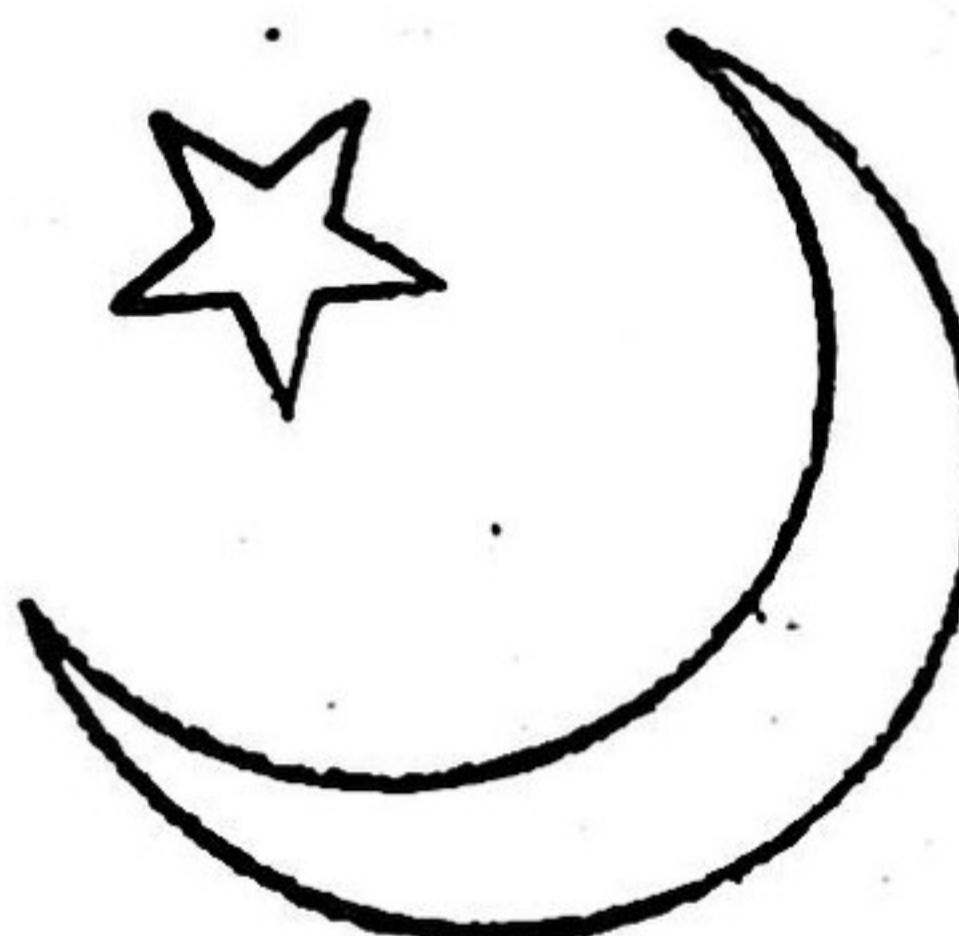
KHWAJA SHAHABUDDIN

M. B. AHMAD,
Secretary.



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No. 41]

KARACHI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1950

SUPPLEMENT

Statistics of reported attacks and deaths from cholera, smallpox, plague and other infectious diseases in districts and towns in Pakistan and some of the States during the week ending the 9th September 1950

	Cholera			Smallpox			Plague				Cholera			Smallpox			Plague		
	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks		Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	
NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE																			
Total	
Total for week ending 2nd September 1950	
Total for week ending 26th August 1950	
Total for corresponding week of last year	
THE PUNJAB PROVINCE																			
Total	
Total for week ending 2nd September 1950	
Total for week ending 26th August 1950	
Total for corresponding week of last year	25	13	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
KARACHI CENTRALLY ADMINISTERED AREA																			
Total	
Total for week ending 2nd September 1950	
Total for week ending 26th August 1950	
Total for corresponding week of last year	
SIND PROVINCE																			
Sukkur District	2	1	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	2	1	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for week ending 2nd September 1950	
Total for week ending 26th August 1950	
Total for corresponding week of last year	
BALUCHISTAN PROVINCE																			
Total	
Total for week ending 2nd September 1950	
Total for week ending 26th August 1950	
Total for corresponding week of last year	
EAST BENGAL PROVINCE																			
Kushtia District	35	16	1	1	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jessore District		6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Khulna District	6	4	16	7	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rajshahi District	6	3	12	6	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dinajpur District	2	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rangpur District	4	7	8	3	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bogra District	16	17	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pabna District	
Dacca District	
Mymensingh District	98	59	15	4	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Faridpur District	18	14	23	13	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bakarganj District	32	16	18	5	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cutttagong District	5	1	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tippera District	30	11	8	1	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Noakhali District	32	15	4	3	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sylhet District	29	16	29	10	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	306	178	154	53	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for week ending 2nd September 1950	322	189	202	81	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for week ending 26th August 1950	369	217	233	81	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for corresponding week of last year	106	99	20	12	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand total for Pakistan	306	178	156	54	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand total for Pakistan for week ending 2nd September 1950	322	189	222	82	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand total for Pakistan for week ending 26th August 1950	369	217	256	91	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand total for Pakistan for corresponding week of last year	101	112	20	12	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Statistics of reported attacks and deaths from cholera, smallpox, plague and other infectious diseases in districts and towns in Pakistan and some of the States during the week ending the 9th September 1950—cont'd.

	Cholera				Smallpox				Plague				Cholera				Smallpox			
	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths
"PAKISTAN AGENCIES AND STATES"																				
KURRAM AGENCY																				
Total
KHYBER AGENCY																				
Total
AHAWALPUR STATE																				
Total	6	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
KHAIRPUR STATE																				
Total	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total for Pakistan including Agencies and States																				
	306	178	63	58	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
KARACHI (PAKISTAN); The 4th October 1950.																				
KHAIRPUR STATE																				
Total
KHAIRPUR STATE																				
Total
TYPHUS																				
Total
POLIOMYELITIS																				
Total
CENTRALLY ADMINISTERED AREA OF KARACHI																				
Total
INFLUENZA																				
EAST BENGAL PROVINCE	Attacks		Deaths		Attacks		Deaths		Attacks		Deaths		Attacks		Deaths		Attacks		Deaths	
Khulna District	
Bogra District	
Total	
M. JAFAR, Lieut.-Colonel, Director General, Health, Pakistan.																				

*Imported from Bombay.

M. JAFAR, Lieut.-Colonel,
Director General, Health, Pakistan.

Statement showing births and deaths from principal diseases in towns with a population of over 30,000 in the various provinces of the Dominion of Pakistan for the week ending the 9th September 1950.

Name of Town	Mid-year estimated population for the year 1950	Births	Birth rate (annual)	Deaths							Total deaths (all causes)	Death rate (annual)
				Cholera	Smallpox	Plague	Fever	Dysentery and Diarrhoea	Respiratory diseases			
N.-W. F. P.												
Peshawar ..	171,604	48	14.5	..	..	..	30	..	7	37	11.2
Mardan ..	53,527	8	7.7	..	..	..	3	..	1	4	3.8
Kohat ..	42,921	13	15.7	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	2.4
Bannu ..	41,088	9	11.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D. I. Khan ..	58,843	20	17.6	..	..	..	4	..	..	4	3.5
Total ..	367,983	98	13.8	..	..	..	89	..	8	47	6.6
THE PUNJAB												
Lahore ..	853,084	661	40.3	..	..	..	67	6	25	142	8.7
Kasur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sialkot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gujranwala ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sheikhupura ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gujrat ..	40,148	50	64.8	..	..	..	6	..	..	9	11.7
Sargodha ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jhelum ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	1	4	6.8
Rawalpindi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Montgomery..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lyallpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jhang Maghiana ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Okara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Multan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Khanewal ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nankana ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chiniot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D. G. Khan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Takhtian ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	923,702	727	40.0	..	..	..	76	6	26	155	8.7
SIND												
Hyderabad
Sukkur
Shikarpur
Total
KARACHI CENTRALLY ADMINISTERED AREA												
Karachi City
Total
EAST BENGAL												
Dacca ..	282,938	45	8.2	..	..	..	37	3	4	96	17.6
Narayanganj ..	76,372	16	10.9	..	..	..	6	..	..	15	10.2
Mymensingh..	73,922	19	13.3	5	..	..	7	1	..	19	13.3
Barisal ..	85,212	2	1.2	..	..	..	3	2	4	12	7.3
Rajshahi ..	52,577	14	13.8	..	..	..	1	..	2	6	5.9
Rangpur ..	46,441	5	5.6	..	..	..	2	1	1	5	5.6
Pabna ..	42,005	..	..	1	..	..	4	..	..	9	11.1
Serajganj ..	51,044	2	2.0	..	..	..	3	2	..	7	7.1
Chittagong ..	128,840	22	8.8	..	..	..	6	1	..	16	8.4
Comilla ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chandpur ..	62,480	3	2.4	..	..	..	1	1	..	4	3.3
Brahmanbaria ..	44,502	7	8.1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	1.1
Khulna ..	43,537	3	3.5	..	..	..	1	..	..	8	9.5
Sylhet ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	989,850	138	7.2	5	1	..	72	11	11	198	10.4	

Name of Town	Mid-year estimated population for the year 1950	Births	Birth rate (annual)	Deaths							D.P.M. rate
				Cholera	Small-pox	Plague	Fever	Dysentery and Diarrhoeas	Respiratory diseases	Total deaths (all causes)	
ARREAR RETURNS											
PUNJAB											
Kasur (for week ending the 26th August 1950)	-	61,794	47	39.8	-	-	13	1	1	28	234
Multan (for week ending the 26th August 1950)	..	311,714	180	44.2	-	-	17	21	9	62	163
Khanewal (for week ending the 26th August 1950)	..	71,098	11	3.0	-	-	2	..	..	3	13
Rawalpindi (for week ending the 19th August 1950)	-	193,198	91	24.5	-	-	9	..	..	16	43
Jhang (for week ending the 5th August 1950)	..	101,510	54	27.7	-	-	18	1	..	23	113
Jhang (for week ending the 12th August 1950)	..	101,510	84	43.0	-	-	12	..	2	17	87
Chiniot (for week ending the 5th August 1950)	..	44,248	47	55.2	..	-	9	1	1	13	153
Chiniot (for week ending the 12th August 1950)	..	44,248	47	55.2	..	..	6	..	..	16	184

REMARKS

During the week ending the 9th September 1950 in the Dominion of Pakistan (excluding Sind, Karachi Cen rally Administered Area 18 towns of the Punjab and 2 towns of the East Bengal Province) the total number of deal recorded in 20 towns having a population of over 30,000 was 400. The mid-year estimated population of the towns was 2,281,535 and the death rate Per thousand was 9.1. The births in the same towns numbered 963 giv a birth rate of 21.9 per thousand of the population.

In 20 towns of the Dominion of Pakistan there were 5 deaths from Cholera and 1 death from Smallpox. T 5 deaths from Cholera and 1 death from Smallpox were recorded in Mymensingh and Pabna in the East Beng Province respectively. Plague was absent during the week.

KARACHI-I. (PAKISTAN) ;
The 5th October 1950.

M. JAFAR, Lieut.-Colonel,
Director-General, Health, Pakistan.